

MASHRUWALA HOLDS MIRROR TO NATION

Not Only Congressmen But Everyone Of Us Has To Adopt Higher Code Of Conduct

Congressmen are not the only people who should correct themselves in order to set matters right in our country, says Mr. K. G. Mashruwala, Editor, writing in the "Harijan" of Jan. 16.

Mr. Mashruwala says, "While the Congress is the only organization which has the moral authority to set an example, it is also the most dangerous on the part of the people and parties opposed to it. Congress to suppose that Congressmen are the only people who should correct themselves in order to set the matters right in our country. The Congressmen are but a small part of the nation and, perhaps, with everything said and done, the better section of the society."

SECOND TO NONE

"As matters stand, I do not see any body which is organized on better rules of personal and public conduct than the Congress and is capable of replacing it for better. The very fact that the Congress organization itself lays stress on this matter and is alive to the deficiencies of its members is a great and hopeful sign. It is not unlikely that under the chastening effect of its principal leaders, it might yet shed its weakness before it is too late. But the critics who run down the Congress are likely to harm themselves by adopting a complacent attitude that their own standards of conduct are much superior or that it is the Government and the Congressmen who have to mend or end and that they have nothing to contribute."

"While, therefore, I allow myself to criticize the Congress-Government or Congressmen unreservedly, when necessary, I feel no pleasure in doing so. If I have said, at times, that the Congress will die or be ruined it is not that I wish so, or curse it. Rather, it is in the spirit of a friend and an old servant of the Congress that I make my remarks."

TURN GODWARDS

"What is necessary for the Congress is still more necessary for the nation. Everyone of us has to adopt a higher standard of conduct. Everyone of us has to turn Godwards i.e. towards truth, righteousness, honesty, simplicity, cleanliness and love and regard for the comfort of others. Let it be realized that we cannot expel God from our life and yet be happy and contented."

SALEM January 16 (A.P.I.)—Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, Congress President, accompanied by Mr. K. K. Kamara, Nader, President, Tamil Nadu Congress Committee, arrived in Salem this morning. A rousing reception was accorded to the Congress President who then moved to the residence of the late Mr. C. Vijayaraghavachari.

Dr. Pattabhi was then taken in an open decorated motor car in procession with music through the Bazaar Street to the Municipal office where he was presented with a Civic Address.

WHY CIVIC ADDRESS IN ENGLISH?

Pattabhi's Reply To Salem Welcome

Replying to a civic address presented by the Salem Municipal Council this morning, Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, Congress President, deprecated the attachment of some to the English language even after the British had left India. He urged South Indians especially to speak in their mother tongues and Hindustani only. Dr. Pattabhi expressed his disapproval at the Municipal Council's action in preparing their welcome address in English language. The Congress President replied to the welcome address first in Hindustani and later in Telugu. He also spoke a few words in Tamil. Addressing to Municipal administration the Congress President advised the councillors to be impartial in their outlook and concentrate their

energy more on the improvement of the life and the welfare of the people. He also exhorted the municipality to encourage handspinning and introduce charkhas in municipal schools.

GANDHI'S PORTRAIT

Later, Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya unveiled a portrait of Mahatma Gandhi, a gift from the Handloom Merchants Association of Salem. Speaking on the occasion, the Congress President appealed to the public to follow the footsteps of Gandhiji who had "won India her freedom by the fair weapons of Truth, Love, Non-Violence and Humility". Dr. Pattabhi paid a compliment to Madras Government for their showing untouchability and the extension of province-wide prohibition.

EX-QUEEN AMELIA OF PORTUGAL ILL

PARIS, Jan. 16 (Reuters)—Ex-Queen Amelia of Portugal, who is 83, is gravely ill at her Versailles manor, "Le Chesnay". One of her ladies-in-waiting, Madame de Randal told Reuters this morning that the ex-queen was suffering from congestion of the lungs. She had recovered consciousness, and was this morning able to recognize her attendants, but her condition was very serious.

American Tractors In Siam's Rice Farming

BANGKOK, American-made tractors have begun to replace the water buffalo in Siam's major industry—rice farming. The Government is encouraging the mechanisation of agriculture in Siam by importing tractors and distributing them to peasants co-operative societies in important rice-producing areas in the country. Twenty of these modern tractors, fitted with narrow ploughs have already been imported and sold to Siamese peasants and a similar number is expected to arrive shortly. The machines are used for ploughing and harvesting.

According to experts of the Siamese Ministry of Agriculture, the mechanisation of agriculture in this country will be a laborious task. The peasants are debt-ridden and they adhere obstinately to the primitive methods of farming handed down through generations.

Dr. Pattabhi was then taken in an open decorated motor car in procession with music through the Bazaar Street to the Municipal office where he was presented with a Civic Address.

“Spirits Of Knowledge”

KHER ON SCHEME OF LIBRARY DEVELOPMENT IN BOMBAY PROVINCE

AHMEDABAD, Jan. 16 (A.P.I.)—The scheme of library development in Bombay province as part of the post-war reconstruction programme was explained by the Premier, Mr. B. K. Kher, when he performed the opening ceremony in the Gujarat Vidyapeeth building of the Copy Right Section of the Government of Bombay containing about 25,000 books received under the Press and Book Registration Act of 1937. The Premier recalled the Satyagrah movement of 1930 when he first visited the Gujarat Vidyapeeth, founded by Mahatma Gandhi and said that the Satyagrah movement had succeeded in the last 20 years and now nation-building programme had had to be undertaken. The Congress Government had appointed a Library Development Committee in 1939, whose recommendations were now being implemented by the establishment of one Central Library at Bombay, three regional libraries at Poona, Ahmedabad and Dharwar with a network of district, taluka and village libraries. Government would extend financial help to these

“REPRESSION” IN BHOPAL

Madhyabharat P.C.C. Chief Pleads For Delhi's Intervention

INDORE, Jan. 16 (A.P.I.)—Mr. Gopikrishna Vijayavalki, President of the Madhya Bharat Provincial Congress Committee who arrived here today said in an interview that it was time that the Government of India intervened in Bhopal and "administered the State centrally as repression has gone above bounds".

DISSOLUTION OF DISTRICT CONGRESS JUSTIFIED

Mr. Vijayavalki referred to the revolt of the Bhopal Ministry and Congress Committee and said that Congressmen in the Bhopal Cabinet had joined the Ministry without the consent of the Provincial Congress Committee of the State Peoples Conference. He added that the P.C.C. did not act against them so far for it was expected that the Bhopal Congress Committee, which permitted Mr. Malaviya and others to join the Ministry, would reserve their decision. Mr. Vijayavalki referred to a resolution of the Provincial Congress Committee, which said that there would be a Union of Central India including Bhopal. "With repression in Bhopal going above bounds the P.C.C. decided to dissolve the Bhopal District Congress Committee and call on the Ministry to resign".

NO OUTSIDE HAND IN MOVEMENT

Mr. Vijayavalki referred to the report that the movement in Bhopal was engineered by the R.S.S. and Hindu Mahasabha. He also discounted the suggestion that Congress workers from C. P. and Indore were responsible for the movement. A large number of workers from Bhopal State were participating in the movement which was "spontaneous", he said.

SALISBURY, (Connecticut), Jan. 15 (Reuters)—Jack Burdman, British actor-producer and Miss Susan Bassett were married yesterday.

HEALTH MINISTER AT WELFARE EXHIBITION



Rajkumari Amrit Kaur visited the welfare exhibition at the Godfrey Clinic Dispensary on Saturday evening. Photo shows the Health Minister with Rani Maharaj Singh, Lady Duggan and others at the Exhibition.



Delegates from all over India gathered on Saturday evening to protest against the "Prevention of Excommunication Bill". Mr. Talabhai M. Zarif (centre) presided.

PROTEST AGAINST BAN ON EX-COMMUNICATION

Dawoodi Bohra Conference Appeals For Exemption Of Community

BOMBAY, Sunday. The Dawoodi Bohra Community criticised.

By another resolution, the Conference extended its wholehearted cooperation to the Indian National Congress in its firm resolve not to permit communalism or the misuse of religion as a political weapon for the anti-national and socially reactionary purposes.

A resolution placing deep sense of grief at the passing away of Mahatma Gandhi was moved from the chair. Condolence resolutions mourning the death of Mr. M. A. Jinnah, Mr. K. F. Nariman, Mr. B. G. Horniman, Mr. S. A. Brelvi and Sir Akbar Hydari were passed by the Conference. All resolutions were carried.

EAST-PUNJAB STATES' INTERIM MINISTRY

PATIALA, Jan. 16 (A.P.I.) The Patiala and East-Punjab States, Union Provincial Congress Committee has, it is learnt, issued instructions to all the Tehsil Congresses to protest against the installation of an interim ministry by ignoring the official Congress.

The President of the Provincial Congress Mr. Brish Bhan has sent telegrams to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad and Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, Congress President, protesting against the announcement of the interim ministry without consulting the people's Congress.

MANILAL GANDHI ON DURBAN RIOTS

NEW DELHI, Jan. 15 (UPI)—I need hardly say I was more than shocked at the news of the rioting in Durban between Indians and Africans. Africans are easily incitable and this solitary incident should not, therefore, be taken to mean that the relations between the two communities, generally speaking, are not harmonious," said Sri Manilal Gandhi, second son of Mahatma Gandhi and Editor, "Indian Opinion".

South Africa, in the course of an interview with the Special Correspondent of UPI when his attention was drawn to press reports about the anti-Indian riots in South Africa. He added: "There are elements today at work in South Africa that are trying to mislead the Africans into the belief that the Indians are exploiting them, which can be used as a sound excuse for repartitioning them. The fact is that Indians are no more exploiting the Africans than are the Europeans, who are their oppressors."

Housing Scheme For Surat

SURAT, January 16 (A.P.I.) The Government of Bombay have extended their scheme of building houses for workers to Surat. Disclosing this in the Municipal Board meeting last evening, Dr. Champaklal Ghia, President of the Surat City Municipal Board, said that 250 tenements will be built in the first instance at an estimated cost of Rs. 2 million. Measures are already under way for acquiring land for these tenements.

WILL DURBAN RIOTS FORCE INDIA OUT OF COMMONWEALTH?

"People's" Warning On Union's Racial Discrimination

SARDAR PATEL ON SUFFERINGS OF NATIONALS IN "FAR OFF LAND"

LONDON, Jan. 16 (Reuters)—The Durban race riots were still one of the main front page stories today in most of the British Sunday newspapers, which headlined the sending of police and troops reinforcements to the city and the fear that the disturbances might spread.

Smuts's warning to the Malan's Government in his speech at Randfontein yesterday was also picked up in several sub-heads.

"THE PEOPLE'S" WARNING

"The People's" was the only newspaper to carry editorial comment. It said: "There is a threat to the whole British Empire behind the racial riots in South Africa. The country's refusal to give equality to Indians has already invoked the censure of UNO, but Dr. Malan's Government has thumbed its nose at the orders to stop its discrimination. India's anger will now be raised to boiling point, and our chance of keeping her in the Empire with South Africa as a brother-member may become slender. Delhi will not be convinced that the Indian victims of the riots in Durban were properly protected."

REV. SCOTT'S INTERVIEW

The Reynolds News publishes a four-column interview of the Rev. Michael Scott, former London curate and "protector" of South African tribesmen, with its correspondent, David Raymond. "In the article headed, 'A nation has done a great wrong', and topped with a picture of Mr. Scott with the caption, 'Michael Scott—Crusader', the correspondent said Mr. Scott told him 'why he is fighting a battle for justice against a Government'."

The correspondent added that in a reference to German policy towards South African tribesmen in the last century, Mr. Scott remarked that it contained the germ of the Nazi race and that he considered it to the present policy of the South African Government.

SLAVE LABOUR

Raymond also quoted Mr. Scott as telling him how on his way to his Anglican Cathedral of St. George early in the morning, he used to see "gangs of convicts (natives) marched off to public works or 'business concerns' who hired them. 'These', he added, was a 'shocking revelation of the existence of slave labour at Windhoek and probably elsewhere in South-West Africa'."

SARDAR PATEL ON DURBAN RIOTS

BARDOLI, Jan. 16 (A.P.I.)—Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel today expressed grave concern over happenings in Durban where Indians have been killed and their homes attacked by Africans. The Deputy Prime Minister, who was addressing a gathering of students and members of the Vedchi and Madhi Ashrams here, regretted that Indians should suffer far off land and that their country was already free and independent.

The poignancy of the situation was heightened by the fact that India was a member of the British Commonwealth and enjoying equal status as that of South Africa.

It was equally tragic that Indians should be humiliated in a land where the Father of the Nation first practised the creed of non-violence, which not only earned for him the glorious name in the history of the world but also enabled him to make his Motherland free.

CALL TO PEOPLE OF GUJARAT

Addressing the gathering, Sardar Patel referred to the criticism that the people of Gujarat always depended on outsiders for their defence and urged them to be fearless.

If they could not employ the weapon of non-violence of the brave as defined by Mahatma Gandhi, they should be ready to defend themselves physically even if it involved the use of violent methods.

Referring to the present shortage of cloth all over the country, Sardar Patel said that the objective of Vedchi was self-sufficiency in respect of cloth. "The 'Mantra' of Vedchi should always be borne in mind by the Ashrams," he said.

The ability to produce the personal wants and be self-sufficient was the secret of "Mantra of Vedchi", Sardar said.

Concluding Sardar Patel said: "Accomplishment of these tasks would truly enhance the prestige of the institution from which Mahatma Gandhi gave his ultimatum to the foreign Government in the past and gave us freedom."

CAUSE OF RIOTS

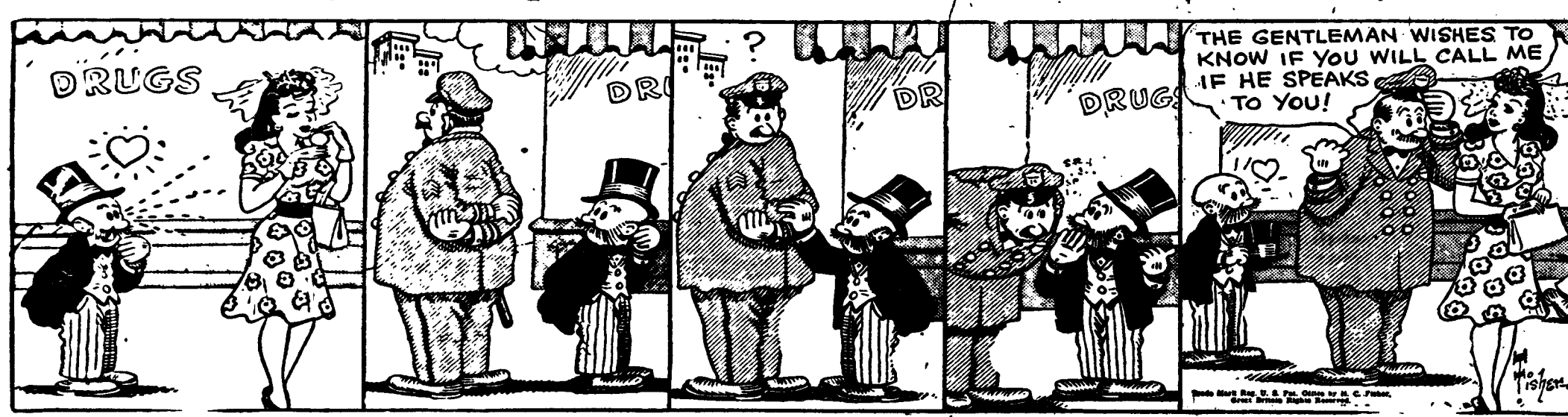
Small Spark Starts Greatest Bonfire

DURBAN, Jan. 16 (Reuters)—The Durban "Sunday Tribune" said in an editorial today that the main causes of the Indian-African riots in the city had been apparent for years and that, despite the gravest warnings, the State "failed to appreciate fully the explosiveness of the material it has tried to handle in half-measures."

THAT LEADS TO TERRORISM

The "Durban Daily News" asserted that the riots stemmed directly from "communal shortcomings" which had been both material and spiritual. "When people are ill-housed, packed

MUTT AND JEFF—That's What Is Called Precaution



AWAKENING OF INDIAN WOMEN

Lady Rama Rau On Growth Of Feminine Movement

NEW YORK, Jan. 15 (U.P.A.)—Lady Rama Rau, wife of India's Ambassador to the United States, Sir Benegal Rama Rau, asserted today in a lecture that "now is the time for every thinking woman to belong to the All-India Conference of Women."

She stated that this organization which co-ordinates all of India's feminine organizations "is of extreme importance" because it signalled the "awakening of women."

Lady Rama Rau, who with her diplomat husband will be returning to Bombay on Feb. 26, was the initial speaker of the Asia Institute's "Emphasis India" programme.

Dealing with the topic, "Women in India," she outlined the growth of the feminine movement within the Dominion before an audience of 300 people.

The Ambassador's wife, wearing a sari, cited to the audience, mostly Americans, how realization came to Indian women two decades ago that the "social structure needed a changing," particularly in education.

At the conclusion of the speech, three United Nations documentary films produced in India showing the functions of a social worker toward a mother, child and his community were shown.

SCANDINAVIAN PACT

New Elements In International Situation?

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15 (U.P.A.)—A United States official said today that the Administration so far was not familiar with Sweden's proposed Scandinavian pact, as only a very rough outline was available.

However, if Ambassador Bohman gives full information about it before he leaves next week for Sweden, it is this done through the United States, knowledge in Stockholm, then serious consideration would be given it.

This should not arouse false hopes in Scandinavia that the United States would agree with the terms of the pact.

The Vandenberg Resolution specifically states that United States arms and can only be for countries prepared to give such other mutual aid and in association with the United States.

What the United States and diplomatic officials here consider may be the most important aspects of Sweden's proposed pact are that it definitely gets Sweden out of her accustomed neutrality; second, if Sweden is prepared automatically to go to the aid of Denmark and Norway in the event of aggression; third, if Sweden advocates a pact from the United States for Scandinavia; and fourth, if the pact terms are stronger than Rio de Janeiro pact.

Sources said in any event, the fact that reliable reports imply Sweden has made a step forward in regard to the defence of Scandinavia is in itself a factor that cannot be discounted.

They said one positive factor for Sweden is that she possesses an able ambassador in Bohman who has a dynamic personality, with considerable powers of persuasion in putting his country's viewpoint. They said whatever may come out of the proposed Scandinavian pact at least very considerable interest has been created here.

Bihar Students On Hunger Strike

FATMA, Jan. 16 (A.P.I.)—Five students who arrived here from Agra this morning have resorted to hunger-strike in front of the residence of Mr. Sir K. B. Sinha, Bihar Premier, to press their demand of abolition of test examinations.

Mr. Sinha left for Patna yesterday and is expected to return on January 18.

The hunger-strike of twelve college students at the residence of Mr. Badrinath Verma, Education Minister continued for the sixth day today.

In a bulletin issued by two prominent physicians of Patna who examined them, it is stated that the condition of three hunger-strike "requires close attention."

How C. P. Press Tackles Scurrilous Writings

NAGPUR, Jan. 15 (A.P.I.)—An important decision in regard to scurrilous writings in the C.P. Press was taken today at a meeting of the C.P. Press Advisory Committee, under the chairmanship of P. D. P. Mishra, Minister for Home Affairs.

The Committee resolved that in future scurrilous writings should be brought before the Committee and warning and advice given whenever necessary. If, however, a paper in spite of warnings persistently indulges in scurrilous writings, the Committee has empowered Government to withdraw with the consent of the Committee, all press facilities of the offending newspaper. It has also recorded its opinion that before this extreme action is taken, the editor of the offending paper must be given an opportunity of appearing before the Committee to defend his conduct.

UNCERTAIN FOOD STOCK POSITION

Hapur Market Review

(From Our Own Correspondent).

HAPUR, Jan. 13. The markets have been quiet and in some cases there has been very slight fall in prices. On the whole, however, there has been no visible improvement in the province's food position. Uncertain food grain stock position has compelled the Government to postpone indefinitely the extension of rationing to cover the entire population of the regulated towns of the province, which according to an earlier decision had been done by January 16. It has also been decided to reimpose the restriction on the consumption of food in order to avoid wastage of foodgrains and to conserve available supplies in the markets.

The only heartening news is that the U.P. Government's drive for the procurement of rice in the current kharif harvest has yielded good results and about 40,000 tons of rice out of a target of 70,000 tons has already been collected. The target has now been increased to 1 lakh tons.

Of the grains wheat prices continue to range between 24/- to 26/-, while the price of rice has fallen to 12/- in some of the big assembling centres.

They are 22/- to 23/- per maund. These are well above the procurement rates as also government retail sale rates. Other quotations in the Hapur market are: gram 14/-, barley 15/4, bajra 16/-, peas 12/12, arhar 13/8, moong 22/-, masoor 15/- to 16/-. Rice prices differ widely from very near the procurement rates in the prices in deficit areas.

Crop progress has been slow because of continued dry weather.

The sugar market remained fairly erratic both in the ready and in the futures section. In the ready section prices have invariably moved this way or that on the pace of arrivals and despatches. Unlike some previous years despatches from Hapur from for some time past ready prices showed a downward trend because arrivals now exceed despatches more so in the important gur centres in the west U.P.

Today ready gur fetched 10/4 against 9/10 a few days back. This slight rise has been due to the uncertainty in arrivals due to peasant's preoccupation in irrigating standing crops.

In the future section fluctuations cannot be said to have been very pronounced. On Thursday last fagan closed at 9/13/7. On Friday it improved to 10/1/8 at one stage but later closed at 10/-.

On Saturday there was some easing to 9/14/6. On Monday the market opened at 9/11/6, touched as low as 9/9/6 closing finally at 9/11. Tuesday had a good recovery from 9/8/9 to 9/12/3 and on Wednesday it touched 9/13/8. Presently it is quoted at 9/14.

The sugar market remained quiet. The acceptance of the reduced basic price of sugar by the Indian Sugar Syndicate did not result in any appreciable decline in ready prices this week. Prices have been mostly stable round last week's level. This may be due in part to the uncertainty of the production as talks of a strike on the part of the U.P. and Bihar sugar mill workers are still in the air.

The latest quotations are: 32/- to 34/-, Hapur 34/-, BULLION

The market remained highly erratic. There was a sharp rise in prices in the first instance while towards the close of the week there was a quick and sharp reaction on profit realising liquidations which swept off a good part of the gain. The statistical position of the market is extremely steady. In the absence of forward trading in Bombay, bulls are holding on effectively. Floating stocks are extremely small. Receipts are appreciably lower than the outtake. Under the circumstances bulls have not only strengthened their hold on the Bombay market but have also been operating freely in the upcountry markets where too they succeeded to a large extent in carrying prices up.

On Thursday last silver at Hapur had closed at 167/15. From this it went up to 174/12 during the week and has since declined to 171/4. Gold which had closed last week-end at 11/8 touched 11/3/12 and is presently quoted at 11/8. There has been a fair volume of business.

The market remained quiet to bearish due to the seemingly increasing good-will between the two dominions. Ready prices have declined to some extent and there has been a fall in the futures also. Present quotations are: Chet 109/-, April 120/8, Oilseeds and Oils: The markets have ruled quiet to steady and there has been no appreciable change in prices. Current quotations are: Mustard seed 24/-, oil 65/- and oilcake 7/12. Groundnut is quoted here at 15/8 and cottonseed at 14/8 to 13/8.

Scramble For Good Lots Of Cotton

DIFFICULTIES IN SECURING SUPPLIES FROM PAKISTAN

BOMBAY, Jan. 14. Cotton prices in New York showed a lively recovery from the nearly dead level at the close of Thursday being 4 to 11 points above the previous week's level. Demand from the U.S. in the export market was stimulated by improved export outlook and loan influences. Business in new crops was rather negligible owing to uncertainties in Pakistan regarding the export of raw cotton.

According to the surmise of the Department of Agriculture, the Pakistan Government will import about 1,431,000 tons of raw cotton during the fiscal year 1949-50 which compares with 1,431,000 tons of raw cotton during the fiscal year 1948-49. The total at least 562,000 tons will be from the United States.

Egyptian cotton exports during November 1948 amounted to 107,138 bales (compared with 87,416 bales in November 1947). Of these 33,893 bales were taken by India and 32,085 by the U.S. Total exports from September 1 to November 30 amounted to 209,527 bales, of which 55,784 went to India and 53,886 to the U.S.

In the export market, cotton and cotton seed has been raised from 5 per cent to 10 per cent from January 16th 1949.

LOCAL MARKET. The Bombay futures market displayed the same listlessness which characterised the previous week's trading. The fluctuations during the whole week were confined to an extremely narrow range of Rs. 616-3/4 and Rs. 617-5/8. The undercurrent, however, steady. All the three contracts, May, July and September, continued to be quoted at the same price.

In the ready market at Bawri there is a scramble for good lots which fetch very good prices. With small offerings of such lots the total amount of business continues to remain restricted. There are good enquiries for South American cotton but the supply position for foreign cottons is very tight and therefore offers for better grades are very rare to obtain. It is understood that those who sell do so only from their own stocks.

PAKISTAN COTTON. Position of exports from Pakistan to India remains anomalous. Export quotas granted to new firms in Pakistan have led to various mal-practices, such as sales of licences by those who cannot utilise their full quota for lack of connections and experience. Export figures from new firms are negligible so far. Most of the established shippers have exhausted their quotas and it remains to be seen whether the Indian mills will take in order to cover the rest of their requirements. In view of the under-taking the mills have had to give to the Government of India, they would purchase their full individual quotas.

It is learnt that among other matters considered by the Indo-Pakistan Conference was the question of the export of raw cotton from Pakistan to India. It was agreed that the Pakistan Government would give necessary licences to cover the bulk of the hitherto uncovered portion of purchases already made and would extend this extended period to the end of February 1949. The maximum and minimum purchase figures fixed for this extended period are 434,467 bales and 389,467 bales respectively. It is reported that nearly 290,000 bales have been allocated for export to India from Pakistan for the period February-August 1949. The Chief Controller of Imports and Exports, Government of Pakistan, has invited applications for the export of this quantity to India.

WORLD WHEAT CONFERENCE

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15 (U.P.A.)—Sources close to the United States Agricultural Department state that 62 nations have been invited to participate in the world wheat conference, opening here on January 25. The aim of the conference is to bring about a world wheat price and quota fixing agreement.

It is expected, however, that only about 40 nations comprising the major wheat exporting and importing nations will attend. Invitations have been extended by the United States State Department to all United Nations members and those in its Food and Agriculture Organisation.

So far there has been no indication whether Argentina will participate in the forthcoming meetings. Russia is not expected to attend.

EPSOM INQUEST ADJOURNED

EPSOM (Surrey) Jan. 15 (Reuters)—The inquest on the 28-year-old Phyllis May Newell, former Welsh housemaid, who was found dead in bed in the 20-roomed Epsom luxury home of Mr. Neville Wadia, wealthy Parsi, was adjourned today until January 28.

Only evidence of identification was taken and the county coroner stated he had ordered an analysis to ascertain the cause of death.

NEW YORK COTTON NARROW

NEW YORK, Jan. 15 (U.P.A.)—Cotton futures moved within a narrow range today in quiet dealing. After steady opening, the undercurrent continued firm most of the session, chiefly on re-export prospects although near the close a widespread crop report by traders generally tending to await developments in Washington and export prospects, most of the activity was supplied by hedging operations and commission house selling. Export possibilities included an estimated 50,000 bales for Japan and 100,000 bales for England. Kure was also reported to have been in the market recently, buying through private transactions.

The list closed the week, 10 to 20 points—50 cents to one dollar per bale—higher than a week ago. Meanwhile, a United Press of America review of the cotton market for the week ended today showed that prices had been steady although the market responded eagerly to crop and export news as well as highlighting reports of pending large scale inquiries from Japan, Argentina and other Marshall Islands.

The failure of buyers to become enthusiastic on the news reflected an attitude toward rigid or flexible farm price supports but that picture is expected to clarify shortly when Congressional action has been extended to Great Britain for the purchase of 1,670,000 bales of cotton.

The money only market, buying about 100,000 bales. Of this over 80 per cent is wanted prior to the start of the remainder to be shipped in the following three months.

Unconfirmed reports that Russia is buying cotton here served to give the market an upward nudge. Weighing against the slow market was the report that the Japanese cotton production because "its have between 150,000,000 and 300,000,000 yards of finished wool material awaiting buyers."

The selling of the cloth was dependent on the re-capturing of pre-war markets in Japan, the Philippines, North China, Manchuria, Formosa and Kwangtung and Korea.

Clarification of the Administration's policy on cotton was given by the Secretary of Agriculture, Brennan, in a scheduled to testify before the Senate Agriculture Committee on January 15. New York Cotton Exchange estimated the total consumption in the United States of all cotton during December 1948 was 3,000,000 bales, during November and 755,000 bales in December 1947.

COTTON PRICE CONTROL IN SAURASHTRA

RAJKOT, Jan. 16 (A.P.I.)—In accordance with the Central Government's policy of controlling prices of cotton, the Government of Saurashtra has issued orders for the control of cotton. They have also issued powers of requisitioning from stockists. The export of cotton to any place outside Saurashtra is also being regulated with immediate effect.

Under the new Saurashtra produces some two lakhs of bales of cotton. This year's yield is expected to be some eighty thousand bales.

WORTH STREET REVIEW

NEW YORK, Jan. 15 (U.P.A.)—The awaited New Year resumption of trading in Worth Street cotton trading towards the end of this week. Coinciding with the definite upward movement in the cotton market, the movement noted a sharp increase in print cloth sales export.

Domestically converters said while buying was not of an "all out" nature, nevertheless, manufacturers who had been holding back in view of the further price levelling, finally decided to cover a "good percentage" of cloth needed for spring line promotions.

NEW YORK COTTON

Prices Advance Moderately On Good Export News

NEW YORK, Jan. 15. COTTON: After a narrow trading with activity confined to nearby months and the trade absorbing moderate hedges against large spot sales, prices advanced moderately, reflecting good news with some sales to China reportedly made. The approach of 1949 March to the 25.60 cent level again attracted some interest and prices sagged with scaled-down price-fixing providing the principal support. Towards the close, the market rallied slightly on weekend coverings. The session closed steady with sales standing approximately at 80,000 bales.

NEW YORK COTTON CLOSINGS, New York, Jan. 15.

March 32.40
May 32.80
July 31.10
October nominal 28.54
Midmonth Spot 32.22

NEW ORLEANS COTTON CLOSINGS, New York, Jan. 15.

March 32.38
May 32.17
July 31.13
October 28.83
Midmonth Spot 32.40

LONDON EXCHANGES, LONDON, Jan. 15.

T. T. London open 4.0275, Buying 4.0325; Montreal Selling 4.0275, Buying 4.0325; Zurich Selling 17.34, Buying 17.36; Stockholm 14.47 to 14.05.

New York Stock Market

NEW YORK, Jan. 15. STOCKS: Although the market managed to retain its equilibrium, trading was extremely quiet. Price changes either way were mainly fractional with gains in slight majority and including oils, steels, rails, minerals, chemicals, and more than 100 containers. The session closed steady with few changes recorded.

CHICAGO GRAINS, CHICAGO, Jan. 15.

Grains developed a weak undertone with a market unsettled by a widespread which broke sharply reflecting disappointment over the supplementary first-quarter export allocations of oats, oats, soyabean, groundnuts. The improved winter wheat crop outlook as a result of the recent moisture, the weakness of the Minneapolis market and the decline in corn prices due to demand for wheat and maize despite recent declines were additional bearish factors. Towards the close, prices recovered, but the market was likely to be weekend short-covering and a sharp falling off in offerings.

Shroff On Trend Of Stock Exchanges

SURAT, Jan. 16 (A.P.I.)—"A stock exchange is a barometer indicating the financial prosperity or adversity of a country," observed Mr. K. R. P. Shroff, speaking at a reception given in his honour by the Surat Chamber of Commerce yesterday evening.

"The present trend of stock exchanges in India," Mr. Shroff said, "shows a depression in the country which, though not apparent on the surface, is likely to get worse if immediate steps are not taken by the Government to check the present situation."

Commenting on Government of India's financial policy, Mr. Shroff said that the main plan today must be to reduce high rates of taxes on the commercial community and reduction in public expenditure. The budget and the Government must take urgent steps to stabilise prices and reduce the cost of production; otherwise steps taken to fight inflation would hardly result in any substantial reduction of prices.

TOWARDS SELF-SUFFICIENCY IN FOOD

Centre's Scheme For Increased Production: Agriculture And Finance Ministers Conference

NEW DELHI, Jan. 15. The Government of India have called a conference of the Agriculture and Finance Ministers of Provincial and State Governments concerned on January 18, 1949 to discuss with them the Central Government's scheme for increasing the food production in the country so as to make it self-sufficient in food, as far as possible, in the course of the next few years.

The Government have drawn up a comprehensive scheme, which includes reclamation of cultivable waste land, extension of tube-well irrigation, supply of chemical fertilisers and development of subsidiary sources of food, like fish, etc.

The main features of the scheme are: (1) reclamation of six million acres of cultivable land over the next seven years; (2) sinking of 4,500 deep tube-wells to irrigate three million acres of land; (3) supply of chemical fertilisers, supplementing local resources of organic manure; and (4) supply of fish from marine resources by establishing marine fishing stations which can undertake deep sea fishing.

The total cost of the scheme is estimated at Rs. 200 crores of which the rupee expenditure comes to about Rs. 146 crores. The balance of about Rs. 54 crores will have to be found in sterling and dollars.

LAND RECLAMATION. The total area of cultivable waste land in India is about six million acres. The Foodgrains Policy Committee had recommended that about 9 million acres of such land should be reclaimed in view of the shortage of men and materials, on the one hand, and the need for achieving quick and permanent results of the other. The central scheme proposes to concentrate for the present on the reclamation of six million acres.

Of these, 2.3 million acres will be new land and 4 million acres will be weeded or kams-infested land which has gone out of cultivation. Cultivation of new land will be distributed as follows: East Punjab—5 lakh acres; East Punjab States—4 lakh acres; Orissa—5 lakh acres; C.P. and Berar—3 lakh acres; and U.P.—3 lakh acres.

In Bihar, also, some new land would be put under cultivation, but the area is not yet known.

Reclamation of kams-infested land will be as follows: West Bengal—8 lakh acres; Madhya Bharat—14 lakh acres; Bombay, Bhopal, U.P. and Vinchya Pradesh—5 lakh acres each.

PROF. SHAH ON NEED FOR NATIONALISATION OF BANKING INSTITUTIONS

Vested Interests Must Be Forced To Line Up With Governmental Policy, He Says

CALCUTTA, Jan. 16 (A.P.I.)—The need for nationalisation of banking in India, said the present bill was neither to reorganise the structure of banking institutions properly, nor to govern them.

Dr. Bepko Sinha, Chairman of the Reorganisation Committee, welcoming the delegates, said that the object of the Federation was to secure the minimum requirements of the employees for maintaining a decent life.

Stock Of Cotton In Bombay

BOMBAY, Jan. 14. Bales.

Exports by rail from 1st September to 15th January 1949 187703

Estimated Mill consumption in Bombay from 1st September 1948 to 15th January 1949 491587

Same period last year 358404

Estimated stock of raw cotton held by Exporters, Dealers and Mills in Bombay on 15th January 1949 518190

Same time last year 870946

CHICAGO WHEAT, CHICAGO, Jan. 15.

May 2.36-1/4
September 2.00-1/2
December 2.11-1/4

Shipping News

IMPORTS

BOMBAY, Saturday. From S. ST. CROIX. From Aden: 50 packages empty drums. S. S. BARPETA. From Colombo: 50 packages radio valves, 59 drums lubricating oil, 22 drums tinplate, 104 cases motor truck chassis, 748 bags soda ash, 751 packages auto parts, 6,802 packages ingot parts of copper, 108 artificial leather semantants, 1,410 drums white petroleum oil, 125 drums caustic soda, 88 drums polluting compound, 79 drums printer's 235 drums paint thinner, 70 boxes electric motors, 33 boxes agricultural machinery, 528 cases textile machinery, 183 bags impure sulphur, 195 drums white mineral oil.

From Philadelphia: 142 drums diesel oil, 21 drums printer's 830 drums lubricating oil, 100 drums diesel fuel oil, 200 drums mineral coxa oil 89 drums drums insulating oil.

From Boston: 27 cases leather belt, 50 bales scrap leather, 22 drums caustic soda, 530 bundles brass, 600 cases tube scrap, 275 bundles galvanised pipes.

From Port Sudan: 764 bags door mats.

EXPORTS

GOODS ENTERED FOR EXPORT: S. S. STEEL VOYAGER. To New York: 676 bag gum karaya—Mehpan Bros.

S. S. ANNENKERE. To Sydney: 7 cases hair dye—Pacific Traders.

S. S. NOREVERETT. To Hongkong: 238 bales cotton waste—Volkart Bros.

S. S. RIZWANI. To Aden: 120 bales cotton waste yarns—C. Bhattachandhaji & Co.

S. S. HOEGH MERCHANT. To Los Angeles: 40 bales cotton waste—Sapt. Textile Prod. (India) Ltd.

S. S. DUMRA. To Karachi: 88 bundles aluminium wire—Jeevanlal (1929) Co. 23 bundles tanned sole leather—The U. P. Tannery Co. Ltd.

To Basrah: 22 bundles tanned sole leather—The U. P. Tannery Co. Ltd.

To Karachi: 17 bales woollen shawls—V. Kamrudin 17 bales cotton piecegoods handloom—H. Abdulla. 10 bales cotton piecegoods—B. Santrikash.

Arrivals And Departures Of Steamers

BOMBAY, Saturday. ARRIVALS.

S. S. JALABALA (Scindia) from Karachi on January 15 with cotton 3,000 tons. Agents Scindia.

S. S. HEATHER (S. E. Asia) from Calcutta on January 15 with general cargo. Agents S. S. Gill.

DEPARTURES. S. S. OAKLAND (Holmen and Vaboen) for Oslo on January 14 with general cargo 4.64 tons.

CITY OF STAFFORD (Ellerman) for Chittagong on January 14 with general cargo 4,504 tons.

S. S. LAKMI (Ambica) for Ratnagiri on January 14.

TREAVELOR (P.O.) for London on January 14 with general cargo 9000 tons.

S. S. SAN ZOTICO (Eagle Oil) for Abadan on January 15.

G. S. B. (Boe and Dedersen) for Suez on January 15.

THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

The net profits of the Central Bank of India, Limited for the year ended 31st of December 1948, subject to audit, including the sum of Rs. 18,27,510-14-8 brought forward from previous year's account amounted to Rs. 1,68,31,567-13-10 which the Directors have disposed of as follows:—

The following appropriations have been made:—

An ad-interim dividend for the half-year ended 30th June 1948 at the rate of 12 per cent per annum free of income tax i.e. Rs. 1/8 per share on 12,57,092 shares Rs. 18,85,638-0-0 Amount transferred to Contingency Rs. 5,00,000-0-0

Amount transferred to Reserve Fund Rs. 43,00,000-0-0

Amount for Taxation Rs. 40,00,000-0-0 Amount provided for Bonus to Staff Rs. 15,75,000-0-0

The balance of Rs. 45,60,929-13-10 the Directors propose to dispose of as follows:—

To pay a final Dividend for the half-year ended 31st December 1948 at the rate of 16 per cent per annum free of income tax i.e. Rs. 2/- per share on 12,58,170 shares (making in all 14 p. c. per annum for the whole year) Rs. 25,16,340-0-0

To carry forward to next year's account Rs. 20,44,589-13-10

Rs. 1,68,21,567-13-10

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra

on 21 April, 2017

U.S. PROPOSALS FOR INDONESIAN SETTLEMENT

Indian Ambassador Flies To Washington For Discussion With State Officials

NEW YORK, Jan. 15 (REUTERS): INDONESIAN REPRESENTATIVES TO THE UNITED NATIONS HELD WHAT WAS DESCRIBED AS A "LONG DISCUSSION" TODAY WITH INDIA'S AMBASSADOR TO THE UNITED STATES, SIR BENEGAL RAMA RAU, ON AN AMERICAN WORKING PAPER EMBODYING PROPOSALS FOR SETTLEMENT OF THE INDONESIAN QUESTION.

THE PAPER WAS CIRCULATED AMONG MEMBERS OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL YESTERDAY.

THE AMBASSADOR WAS FLYING TO WASHINGTON TONIGHT TO DISCUSS THE MATTER WITH OFFICIALS OF THE UNITED STATES STATE DEPARTMENT.

"IMPRACTICABLE IN ALL ITS MAIN POINTS"

Official Dutch Criticism Of U. S. Scheme For Indonesia

THE HAGUE, Jan. 16 (Reuters): The American scheme for political reconstruction in Indonesia to be placed before the Security Council tomorrow was described by an official Dutch spokesman as "impracticable in all its main points".

He said that to hand the whole area over again to the Republicans, as the Americans were reported to have suggested, would make it impossible to put into operation the complicated administrative machinery necessary to prepare for free and democratic elections, which in a country like Indonesia are not as easy to organise as in Western countries.

Three of the Indonesian leaders detained on Bangka Island, off Sumatra, are under guard in a hillside hotel at Muntur, the United Nations Good Offices Committee announced in Batavia after seeing them.

The Committee will prepare a report for the Security Council today.

The leaders were Dr. Mohamed Hatta, Indonesian Prime Minister, Mr. Mohamad Roem, Chairman of the Indonesian Delegation to the Good Offices Committee and Mr. Ali Sadro-Adjojo, a former Indonesian Education Minister.

Dahran airfield, in Saudi Arabia, has also been closed to Dutch planes according to a K.L.M. Pilot who arrived in Holland yesterday from Indonesia. He had flown his constellations to Holland via Bangkok and Dahran because of the India-Pakistan-Ceylon ban on Dutch aircraft.

Stop Press

REOPENING OF PEARL RIVER

TO TRAFFIC
CANTON, Jan. 16 (I.P.A.): Representatives of Great Britain, China and the United States participated today in ceremonies marking the reopening of Pearl River to traffic after 109 years. During the Opium War of 1840 the Chinese sank 12 fully laden junks in the river to prevent British warships from reaching Canton.

GREEK CABINET CRISIS SOLVED

ATHENS, Jan. 16 (Reuters): Greek political leaders tonight agreed to form a new coalition Government. The ten leaders, representing all legal political parties, decided to leave the King to choose the Premier of the new Cabinet.

ONE DOSE RELIEVES HEARTBURN DUE TO INDIGESTION

ONE DOSE of Maclean Brand Stomach Powder will relieve distressing flatulency, acidity, heartburn, indigestion, stomach pain, indigestion and other symptoms of Digestive Trouble. Brings quick and definite relief because it is a PERFECTLY BALANCED Formula. Ask for MACLEAN BRAND STOMACH POWDER. Only genuine if signed "Alex. C. Maclean".

MACLEAN Brand Stomach Powder

Alex. C. Maclean

Soothes at a touch LITTLE'S ORIENTAL BALM

To charm away Aches and Pains nothing equals Little's Oriental Balm applied with the soft touch of feminine finger tips.

No family should ever be without the famous red package.

LITTLE'S ORIENTAL BALM & PHARMACEUTICALS, LTD., MADRAS, BOMBAY, CALCUTTA.

Great Patriot Of Sterling Qualities

(Continued from Page 1)

true Congressman, and a patriot to the core. Mr. Patil said that by a singular devotion to the cause of Hindu-Muslim unity without the least tinge of communalism either in thought or deed, he had left behind him the legacy for his countrymen to fulfil. He had served the Congress with the same devotion and unselfish motive and thus he had won the hearts of all by his transparent sincerity. He was so gentle, so perfect that he had no enemy in the world. In public life, Mr. Brelvi's sheet-anchor of politics was devotion and loyalty to Mahatma Gandhi's teachings.

He rose to an eminent position in the Congress and he was held in high esteem by the nation's great leaders and by Mahatma Gandhi, who always consulted him on the question of Hindu-Muslim unity.

HARD TO FILL VOID
Mr. Brelvi, he added, was such a great journalist that it would be, indeed, hard to fill the void created by his sudden death. Mr. Brelvi was always true to his profession, honest and conscientious and the integrity of his character shone both through his writings and his speech. He had also displayed remarkable courage and fortitude in critical times. Many of those like the speaker who had the rare privilege of coming in closer contact with him would miss him so sadly, said Mr. Patil.

"DEEP DEBT OF GRATITUDE"
Mr. I. V. S. Jhu, Editor of the "Times of India", seconding the resolution said that Mr. Brelvi had sacrificed his health for the cause of journalism in this country and to the raising of its standard, he had made a very great contribution. To all those who came in contact with Mr. Brelvi in various Press Committees and Press Advisory Boards it was difficult to imagine even how this sudden void could be easily filled now. They were all guided by his gentleness, his wisdom and his spirit of tolerance with which he could solve almost all seemingly difficult problems.

Mr. Jhu said that Mr. Brelvi was a Nationalist Muslim who was sincerely devoted to the Congress and Mahatma Gandhi's teachings, even when a wave of fanaticism and violence spread across this country and his own community outcast him for his loyalty to the cause of nationalism. He had deep and abiding faith in Mahatma Gandhi's leadership and the nationalisation of the Congress, which strived to bring unity and freedom to this country.

Mr. Jhu added that Indians owed a deep debt of gratitude to Mr. Brelvi for explaining to the West which was lost in the confusion of politics the viewpoint of the Congress and the reality and spirit of Mahatma Gandhi, who guided the destiny of this country for winning its freedom.

BROTHER TO ALL
Mr. G. L. Mehta said his family association with Mr. Brelvi and said that seeing Mr. Brelvi with that warm smile lighting his face was enough to remind everyone that he was a brother to all—Hindus, Muslims, Parsis, Christians and other communities. He stood before everyone as the personification of Mahatma's principles. Whether in journalism, in politics, in public life or in social service, Mr. Brelvi was a beacon-light to all.

Mr. Mehta said that Mr. Brelvi joined the "Bombay Chronicle" early in 1916 fresh from University and within his life time he had built it up as an institution of which the whole country was proud. Mr. Brelvi was far greater than many of us, said Mr. Mehta in a moving tribute and added: "The smile that lit up his face even in his death reflects the peace, the eternal peace of his soul. Brelvi is immortal and his spirit will guide everyone of us if we seek his guidance in our day-to-day life."

BEST TRIBUTE
Mr. Abdulla Jafferbhoy said that the best tribute that Bombay paid to Mr. Brelvi was in the form of congregation at Jumma Masjid for prayers on Tuesday last attended by members of all communities—Hindus, Muslims, Christians, Parsis—who had joined his funeral procession.

As far as he could remember, Mr. Abdulla said, this was the first occasion when all communities had joined in the prayer at Jumma Masjid and this was enough to give peace to the departed leader, who had devoted his whole life for the cause of communal unity and communal peace.

Dr. M. U. Mascarenhas, the Mayor of Bombay, Mr. Joachim Alva, the Sheriff of Bombay, Mr. Nagindas T. Master, Ex-President of the B.P.C.C. and Sardar Prem Singh, a journalist, were among all who joined in associating themselves in paying their homage to the memory of Mr. Brelvi.

SRI GURU SINGH SABHA'S CONDOLENCE
The Bombay Sikhs assembled under the auspices of Sri Guru Singh Sabha in the weekly dewan condoled the death of Syed Abdullah Brelvi, supe in the weekly Dewan on Sunday condoled the death of Syed Abdullah Brelvi, a great patriot, a well-known journalist and a statesman and heartily sympathised with his family and the staff of the "Bombay Chronicle".

DELHI CONGRESS COMMITTEE'S CONCERN
NEW DELHI, Jan. 16 (UPI)—At the meeting of the Delhi Provincial Congress Committee held today under the presidency of Mr. Radha Raman, a condolence resolution on the death of Syed Abdullah Brelvi, "the doyen of Indian journalism," Sir Akbar Hydari, and Mr. G. A. Natesan and expressing deep sorrow of the bereaved families was passed.

2 Republicans Will Still Influence U. S. Congress

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16 (Reuters): Though their party has fallen from power—and incidentally become the victim of internal wrangling—at least two Republicans will continue to wield significant power and influence in the 81st United States Congress which started its session this month. They are: Senator Robert Taft, of

CONGRESS GOVERNMENT'S 'PARTISAN SPIRIT'

Working Classes' Confidence Shaken,

Says N. M. Joshi

HYDERABAD (Dn.), Jan. 15 (APU): Working class men of Hyderabad State met in Convention here for the first time today. The Convention which was called by the State Mazdoor Sabha was inaugurated by Mr. N. M. Joshi, Mr. Ashok Mehta of Bombay presided.

Addressing the Convention, Mr. Joshi criticised the unplanned manner in which Trade Unionism was developing in India which consisted of small unions established on factory basis. The best arrangement to suit Indian conditions would be to develop unitary national unions for centrally controlled industries and a federation of provincial unions for provincially controlled industries.

Another source of weakness in the movement according to Mr. Joshi, was the "partisan interest" of the Congress Government in one of the central organisations.

The working classes, he said, as a result of this, found it difficult to have confidence in the impartiality of the Government. He said that the policy of divide and rule was not only bad policy but in the long run would benefit neither the Congress nor the working classes.

WANTED REAL FREEDOM
What the working classes in India needed, Mr. Joshi said, was not nominal freedom but real freedom. They could prevent their present exploitation and raise them out of the state of poverty and misery secure for their real equality with others to be masters of their own destiny.

Mr. Joshi pointed out that in the whole of India including the state there was no clear-cut division between industrial proletariat and agricultural workers with the result that the backward agricultural system had evil influence on the life of industrial workers.

BWARE OF 'TRAP'
Mr. Ashok Mehta, Secretary of the Hind Mazdoor Sangh, who presided, warned his audience against falling into what he called "the trap created by the Government in the form of I.N.T.U.C." He said the danger from the I.N.T.U.C. was that it was luring the workers into the hands of the Government from lack of unity among themselves.

Mr. Mehta criticised the Communists for using labour to gain their own party ends. He said that the Communists casted very little for the good of the labourers. "All that they wanted was to strengthen their party at any cost and for this purpose often they used labour as a pawn."

Mr. Ashok Mehta said labour could not be out of politics. In conclusion, Mr. Joshi reiterated the responsibility of building a new India. It should be their aim to form their own Labour Governments, both in the Centre and in the Provinces as in England.

Mr. B. S. Mahabadi, General Secretary of the Hyderabad Socialist Party and Chairman of the Reception Committee, in his address, referred to the handicaps which the Mazdoor Sangh had to face in fighting the oppressive policy of the then reactionary Government of Hyderabad, and in breaking the treacherous elements that disrupted the solidarity of the working class movement in the State.

Mr. Joshi said that the Communists were twisting and confusing labour in the State, Mr. Singh added, the communal policy of that Government still further widened the gulf between employers and workers. In conclusion, Mr. Joshi reiterated the successful termination of the police action and spoke of the benefits of the present military administration in the State.

Hyderabad Mazdoor Sangh's Demands

HYDERABAD (Dn.), Jan. 16 (APU): The first annual convention of the Hyderabad Mazdoor Sangh for the adoption of a number of resolutions affecting labour in the State.

In a resolution on "industrial policy" the convention demands that all industrial concerns in which Government has substantial shares should be taken over completely and run by Government itself.

The resolution also demands that the coal industry in Hyderabad should be nationalised, as also sugar, paper, textiles and heavy engineering industries.

By a second resolution the convention urges the Government to promulgate a special ordinance to rehabilitate industrial workers who suffered hardships during the political disturbances and as an aftermath of the police action.

MAKE IT ALL INDIA ISSUE, PLEADS RUIKER

NAAGPUR, Jan. 15 (UPI)—Mr. R. S. Ruiker, M.L.A., President, Hind Mazdoor Sabha, in the course of a Press statement, has appealed to the Government of India, to make the issue of textile workers' deadlock in C.P. and Berar, as an All-India issue and to hold mass meetings, demonstrations to support 24,000 workers involved in their struggle is likely to be long one.

Mr. Ruiker says that the attitude of the Congress Ministry and the local mill management towards the workers is callous and indifferent, and he calculates that only "paltry amounts" would be involved if the decision to impose extra work allocation upon the workers was not given effect to.

Ohio, and Senator Arthur Vandenberg, of Michigan. Between them they will share the leadership of their Party's policies in domestic and foreign affairs in the Upper Chamber, as well as guiding the actions of their colleagues in the Lower Chamber.

KEY TO FIGHT INFLATION

HYDERABAD (Dn.), Jan. 16 (APU): The Government should fight inflation by nationalisation of industries and by creating confidence in the minds of labour, said Mr. N. M. Joshi, Labour leader, addressing a meeting here today.

The key to fight inflation, Mr. Joshi said, was in the hands of the Government, who should make labour feel that "it worked for the country and for its general development and not for capitalists".

Criticising the Government's efforts for surbing inflation, Mr. Joshi said that the real purchasing power of the labourer has gone down for the cost of living was not compensated by dearness allowances given. The Government's "grow more food" campaign was a failure he said, as it enriched the landlord while the tenants got nothing. Industrial labour also did not receive any adequate protection from Government's side against exploitation by capitalists.

Mr. Joshi suggested that nationalisation would encourage Labour, creating confidence in their mind that they worked for the country and for their own general good. Any improvement in conditions of Labour would surely increase production, Mr. Joshi said.

MAKE HINDI MEDIUM OF INSTRUCTION

HYDERABAD (Dn.), Jan. 15 (APU): The demand that Hindi, instead of Hindustani, should be made the medium of instruction in the Osmania University was made by a deputation representing the Hyderabad State Hind Mazdoor Sabha, when it waited recently on Maj. Gen. J. N. Chaudhry, Military Governor of Hyderabad.

The deputation is understood to have included the Military Governor, that Hindustani as such "has no existence at all and its adoption will mean the retention of Urdu in its prevalent form and giving it thereby a fresh lease of life".

Speaking at a special convocation of the Osmania University convened to confer the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws on Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Nawab Ali Yavar Jung, Vice-Chancellor of the University, announced the replacement of Urdu as medium of instruction in the University by Hindustani in both devanagari and Persian scripts from the next academic year.

'WEED OUT POLITICAL CONTROVERSIES'

BARDOLI, Jan. 16 (A.P.I.): Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Deputy Prime Minister of India, speaking at a prayer meeting at Bardoli House today, appealed to the people to weed out all controversies of a political nature and concentrate their efforts on building up the nation. It was at Sardar's House that Mahatma Gandhi used to hold his evening prayers for several days in 1941 and 1942.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS

BOMBAY, Sunday 16.
The Hon. Rajkumar Amrit Kaur and Air Marshal Lord Newell have left.

His Excellency Dr. Vasco Garin, Lady Chumail V. Mehta, Mr. and Mrs. V. N. Saradase, Senator and Madame de Lucena, Mr. and Mrs. M. Bahadur, Mr. and Mrs. A. A. A. Pyee, Commander and Mrs. C. B. Sethna, Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Ekers and Mr. Hamid Ali came to lunch.

The Governor of Bombay witnessed the Semi-Finals of the All-India Tennis Tournament at the P. J. Hindu Gymkhana Court, Marine Drive, where he was received by Mr. Hiralal T. Parekh, the Secretary of the Gymkhana.

The Governor of Bombay attended the Silver Jubilee celebrations of the Post Office Recreation Club at the General Post Office Bombay, where he was received by the Postmaster General Mr. P. S. Sarai.

JAIRAMDAS DOULATRAM
BHOVAL, Jan. 16 (APU)—Shri Jairamdas Doulatram, India's Food Minister, spent a few hours in Bhopal today on his way to Delhi from Bhopal.

Mr. Jairamdas, it is learnt, had a brief meeting with His Highness the Nawab of Bhopal, before leaving for Delhi this afternoon.

CHIEF OF THE NAVAL STAFF
MADRAS, Jan. 16 (APU)—Commander H. Drew, C.B.E., D.S.C., Chief of the Naval Staff, General Headquarters, Delhi, arrived here this evening by air from Delhi en route to Cochin. On arrival at the aerodrome, Mr. Drew was received by Lt. Commander P. S. N. Nayar, Royal Indian Navy, Madras. Mr. Drew will leave for Cochin by air tomorrow morning, returning to Madras on Jan. 19 when he will inspect the Naval Establishment in Madras.

DR. R. N. DANDEKAR
POONA, Jan. 16 (APU)—Dr. R. N. Dandekar, Secretary of the Bhandarkar Oriental Research Institute of Poona, has been appointed Honorary Member of the "Ecole Française d'Extreme-Orient, Paris".

Prof. P. K. Gode, the Curator of the Bhandarkar Oriental Research Institute, has been appointed an Associate Member of the same learned body.

MR. G. V. MAVLANKAR
BOMBAY, Sunday.
Mr. G. V. Mavlankar, Speaker of the Indian Dominion Parliament, under went a surgical operation here today. His condition is reported to be satisfactory.

NOW

Transacting Business In All Branches Of Insurance:—

LIFE • FIRE • MARINE MOTOR • ACCIDENT & MISCELLANEOUS

East & West INSURANCE CO., LTD.

ESTD. 1913.

East & West Bldg., Apollo St., Fort, BOMBAY.

Manager: **K. N. SAMANT** M.Com.

Chairman: **SETH SANKALCHAND G. SHAH** B.A., LL.B.

YOUR THROAT is delicate... protect it!

Constant throat irritation by dust, smoking, and over-strain opens the way to dangerous throat and lung infections. Protect yourself from this risk with soothing, healing medicated **Santé Pastilles**—the best of all things for a sore, tired throat because of the pleasant antiseptic action. Buy a tin now. Stocked by all good chemists and stores.

SANTÉ PASTILLES

Manufactured by **ROWNTREE & CO. LTD.** York, England.

Sole Selling Agents: **GRAHAM'S TRADING CO. (INDIA) LTD.** Bombay — Calcutta — Madras — Amritsar — Karachi — Bangalore

Insure With SENTINEL ASSURANCE CO. LTD.

HEAD OFFICE: PROSPECT CHAMBERS FORT BOMBAY

Transacting LIFE FIRE MARINE MOTOR ACCIDENT, ETC.

Branches & Agencies in all important towns

General Manager: **KALYANBHAI S. JAVARI**

autopulse

FROM BORG-WARNER INTERNATIONAL

... FOR WHATEVER CAR OR TRUCK YOU MAY HAVE ... HERE'S YOUR

fuel pump

AUTOPULSE FUEL PUMP

The AUTOPULSE Electric Fuel Pump is single or multiple units will fit any car or truck and handle any kind of liquid fuel in any climate or altitude in the world. Write for information.

Saves Petrol: The Autopulse delivers cool fuel to the carburetor and only as much as the engine needs at any time.

Keeps Engine From Stalling: The Autopulse supplies all the fuel needed by the engine but no more than that regardless of engine speed.

Easy To Install: Any garage mechanic can install one promptly. Keep pump below carburetor.

Proven By 20 Years Of Service: It has been manufactured and serviced continuously by one company—Autopulse Corporation—and is sold the world over by Borg-Warner International.

F. & C. OSLER (INDIA) LTD.

Main Distribution Office: New Queen's Road, BOMBAY 4, Tel. 26224

Head Office: 12 Old Court House Street, CALCUTTA

also at: NEW DELHI, KARACHI & LAHORE

MRS. SINGH WINS NATIONAL TITLE IN HARD COURT TENNIS

Vasant And Narayan Rao To Meet In Final Today

BOMBAY, Sunday: The Women's Singles Hard Court Tennis Title of India was won by Mrs. Khanam Singh who once again got the better of Mrs. Leela Dayal in the final this evening. Mrs. Singh had an excellent chance of making a bold bid for the triple crown, but in the unfinished quarter-final round of the Mixed Doubles with J. Withnell as partner lost the match in the third set to Vishnu Mohan and Mrs. Pollard. She is already in the final of the Women's Doubles.

G. Vasant and P. L. Narayan Rao, qualified to meet in the final of the Men's Singles.

Mrs. Dayal was playing far from her best in the first set and lost it 6-3. But in the second rushing at every ball that fell very near the net, she sent it deep into the back-hand corner of her opponent, and she gave some glimpses of her true form to win the second set very convincingly. In the third set however she could not do anything and lost it without getting even one game. In the first semi-final of the Men's Singles, P. L. Narayan Rao, who yesterday had eliminated the top-seeded Nareish Kumar, at no stage of his match with J. Withnell looked like being defeated, and playing his usual steady game won in two straight sets conceding two and four games in the respective sets.

The much looked forward to encounter between G. Vasant and M. Mahendra Singh provided the spectators with an exceedingly steady and accurate display of tennis.

Mahendra Singh is decidedly a better singles player than he is a doubles player. He confounded his critics, who were rather sceptic regarding his two set victory over the same opponent Vasant on the grass courts of Calcutta, with his game and by extending Vasant to three sets, proved that the previous performance was no flash in the pan. Vasant won purely because he went to the net more often; and his opponent Mahendra Singh was forced into playing much against his will from the base line. Vasant got plenty of opportunities to intercept Mahendra Singh's drives. Had the latter resorted to even a feeble attempt to toss the ball over Vasant's head he might have carried the day. As it is he only lost narrowly over the extra games in the third set.

It was a glorious fight, and though Mahendra Singh lost, he gave a game performance. Vasant now meets Narayan Rao in the final tomorrow. Kantawalla and Jimmy Mehta succeeded in overcoming a strong opposition in Mahendra Singh and Withnell to enter the final where they will meet the winners of Nareish Kumar and G. Vasant and Narayan Rao and Madhoo Rao match which remained unfinished at the end of today's play.



G. Vasant, who defeated Mahinder Singh in the Semi-Final, and avenged the defeat suffered at his hands on the Lawn Courts of Calcutta.

Kumar and G. Vasant and Narayan Rao and Madhoo Rao match which remained unfinished at the end of today's play.

The following were the results:—

SEMI-FINALS: P. L. Narayan Rao beat J. Withnell, 6-2, 6-4; G. Vasant beat K. Mahendra Singh, 6-2, 3-6, 7-5.

MEN'S DOUBLES

QUARTER-FINAL: K. Mahendra Singh and J. Withnell w.o. A. Khatu and R. Khatu; Nareish Kumar and G. Vasant beat B. S. Rama Rao and R. R. Rina, 6-1, 6-1; P. L. Narayan Rao and D. Madhoo Rao beat S. K. Phansalkar and S. K. Bhadraraj, 6-0, 6-2.

SEMI-FINALS: J. M. Kantawalla and J. M. Mehta beat K. Mahendra Singh and J. Withnell, 2-6, 6-2, 8-6; P. L. Narayan Rao and D. Madhoo Rao vs. Nareish Kumar and G. Vasant, 6-3, 6-8 (unfinished, to be continued).

LADIES SINGLES

FINAL: Mrs. K. Singh beat Mrs. L. Dayal, 6-3, 5-6, 6-0.

MIXED DOUBLES

QUARTER-FINAL: Vishnu Mohan and Mrs. Pollard beat Withnell and Mrs. K. Singh, 6-8, 10-8, 6-3.

SEMI-FINAL: F. Bekkevold and

NATIONAL CHAMPION



Mrs. K. Singh, who won the All-India Hard Court Tennis Singles title.

Miss J. Ingran beat J. M. Kantawalla and Miss L. M. Merchant, 6-3, 10-8.

PROFESSIONAL SINGLES

FINAL: Walimohamed beat Vithal Manaji, 6-2, 6-8, 3-6, 6-4, 6-4.

Today's Programme

The following is the programme for Monday, the concluding day of the tournament.

MORNING AT 8-15

Nareish Kumar and G. Vasant vs. P. L. Narayan Rao and D. Madhoo Rao, 3-6, 8-6 (to be continued), followed by Nareish Kumar and Miss V. Alexy vs. Vishnu Mohan and Mrs. Pollard.

EVENING FROM 3 P.M.

Men's Singles Final (G. Vasant vs. P. L. Narayan Rao), followed by Men's Doubles Final (J. M. Kantawalla and J. M. Mehta vs. Nareish Kumar and G. Vasant or P. L. Narayan Rao and D. Madhoo Rao), followed by Mixed Doubles Final (F. Bekkevold and Miss J. Ingran vs. Nareish Kumar and Miss V. Alexy or Vishnu Mohan and Mrs. Pollard), followed by Women's Doubles Final (Mrs. K. Singh and Mrs. S. R. Mody vs. Miss L. M. Merchant and Miss L. Woodcock).

His Excellency Raja Sir Maharaj Singh, the Governor of Bombay and Lady Maharaj Singh will be the guests of honour and Lady Maharaj Singh will distribute the prizes.

DAVIS CUP TENNIS

NEW YORK, Jan. 15 (Reuters): Eleven nations have so far challenged the United States for the Davis Cup, it was announced tonight. Closing date for receipt of entries is January 31.

Denmark was the first country to file its entry for the 1949 competition. Other challenges have been received from Belgium, Chile, Britain, Greece, Mexico, Norway, South Africa, Switzerland, Turkey and Yugoslavia. All have elected to compete in the European Zone except Mexico, who will play as usual in the North American Zone.

LUSITANIANS HAVE A FIGHTING CHANCE FOR HOCKEY LEAGUE CHAMPIONSHIP

John Vaz's Hat-trick For "Times Of India" 'A' Team

BOMBAY, Sunday.—Lusitanians' now stand a fighting chance in the League by virtue of their solitary goal victory over B. B. and C. I. Railway "A"; Lusitanians' have now played 6 games and collected 10 points but Tata's hold a similar position but are better on a goal average.

In the other Senior Division game "Times of India" "A" easily beat Young Sports "A" by three goals to nothing. This match was a triumph for John Vaz, the Times right inner, who performed the hat-trick.

B. B. and C. I. Railway's defence had a hard time from the very start. Woodcock, a tired man after the Olympic games earlier in the evening, was the focal point of the Lusit attack and on commencement charged he pushed the ball into Braganza's goal for the Railway men but he saved Woodcock shot again but the goalie kicked clear. Play was now transferred to the Lusit end and the railway forced a penalty corner Jadhav hit and it was a near miss, the goalie being out of station but Patrick, the Lusit centre half back cleared from goal line. The Lusitanians pressed and had things moving and the outers were centering some neat passes. Braganza, outside left-centred to Woodcock, who was robbed of the ball by defender.

The Railway men undaunted being a weaker side than the Lusit forced corners and Jadhav, who took the corners shot hard but Menezes got his pads to it. The first half was without result.

On resumption the railway had a splendid chance of going ahead when Saxby ran through on his own, and from the edge of the outside line pushed towards goalmouth, the ball turned into goal and hit the boards, but referee said the ball had gone out of play. Rodrigues, who had moved from centre to left-inner dribbled a pass from Woodcock and scored the only goal of the match with a smashing hit. The Lusit now attacked, but

INDIAN 400 METRES HURDLES RECORD BROKEN



M. Kaunds (No. 123), is seen winning the 400-Metres Hurdles narrowly from F. Lobo (No. 80), Kaunds clocked 56 seconds which is a new Indian Record.

M. Kaunds Shatters All-India 400-Metres Hurdles Record

R. R. NOBLE'S OUTSTANDING SUCCESS IN CYCLING IN PROVINCIAL OLYMPIC GAMES

BOMBAY, Sunday.—The Fourteenth Provincial Olympic Sports organised by the Bombay Provincial Olympic Association, concluded this evening at the Brabourne Stadium amidst a vast crowd of athletic enthusiasts. In addition to the All-India Record broken yesterday in the 400 Metres Run, another All-India Record was shattered this evening, when Mr. Kaunds lowered the previous record of 57.2 in the 400 Metres Hurdles, by clocking 56 seconds.

R. Thingalaya, who yesterday had bettered the 400 Metres Indian Record, in the heats, in the final today returned a timing of 49.8 seconds, which is better than the previous Bombay Record. His All-India record will have to await ratification.

Miss Roshan Mistry, the St. Xavier's College runner broke the 100 Metres Women's Bombay Record by 2 of a second by running it in 12.6 seconds, the previous one being 12.8 seconds. R. R. Noble won all the three cycle races, the 1000 Metres Time Trial, the 4000 Metres Lap Race and the 100 Metres Sprint, proving conclusively that he is the best cyclist in the city today.

L. Woodcock, Bombay's famous sprinter was beaten into second place in the 100 Metres Run by L. Pinto, but he had the consolation of reversing this verdict in the 200 Metres Run later in the evening. H. Norris, the stylish Pole-vault winner of last year was dethroned by K. Menon. The height cleared was in no way near the Bombay's best 11 1/2 ft.

Miss B. Thadani once again won the Put Shot for women with a throw of 71 ft. 9 inches.

Mr. A. S. DeMello, the President of the Bombay Provincial Olympic Association presided and distributed the prizes.

The following were the results of the finals of all the events:

100 Metres Run Men.
1st L. Pinto, 2nd L. Woodcock, 3rd J. Crasto, Time 10.9 secs.

200 Metres Run Men.
1st L. Woodcock, 2nd L. Pinto, 3rd J. Crasto, Time 22.6 secs.

400 Metres Run Men.
1st R. Thingalaya, 2nd R. Uchil, 3rd T. Fernandes, Time 49.8 secs. (A New Bombay Record also the All-India Record with 49.4 secs. in the Heats).

800 Metres Run-Men.
1st M. Kaunds, 2nd R. N. Uchil, 3rd C. Furtado, Time 2 min. 1 sec.

1500 Metres Run Men.
1st M. D'Souza, 2nd C. Furtado, 3rd

L. Pereira, Time 4 min. 16.9 secs.

110 Metres Hurdles Men.
1st J. Vickers, 2nd L. Woodcock, 3rd N. Gotting, Time 14.9 secs.

400 Metres Hurdles Men.
1st M. Kaunds, 2nd F. Lobo, 3rd S. D'Silva, Time 56.00 secs. (A New All-India Record)

Pole Vault Men.
1st K. Menon, 2nd H. Norris, 3rd S. Beloor, Height 9 ft. 11 1/2 inches.

High Jump Men.
1st R. Noble, 2nd T. LeFebour, 3rd M. D'Souza, Distance 43 ft. 8 inches.

Running Broad Jump—Men.
1st P. Kakar, 2nd M. D'Souza, 3rd S. D'Souza, Distance 21 ft. 1/4 inch.

Running High Jump—Men.
1st Ullal S. Rao, 2nd E. Nevis, 3rd L. Fernandes, Height 6 ft. (A new Bombay Record).

Putting the Shot Men.
1st J. Vickers, 2nd E. Nevis, 3rd R. Goklere, Distance 35 ft. 7 3/4 in.

Throwing the Javelin Men.
1st E. Wankadia, 2nd R. Kumble, 3rd J. Vickers, Distance 149 ft. 8.5 inches.

1000 Metres Cycle Time Trial.
1st R. R. Noble, 2nd P. Sarkari, 3rd E. Mistry, Time 1 min. 25.2 secs.

4000 Metres Cycle Lap Race.
1st R. R. Noble, 2nd P. Sarkari, 3rd A. Havewalla, Time 6 min. 15.6 secs.

1000 Metres Sprint Cycle Men.
1st R. R. Noble, 2nd A. Havewalla, 3rd R. Mullaroz, Time 14.4 secs.

400 Metres Relay (4 x 100) Men.
1st Team Tata Sports, 2nd Team St. Xavier's, 3rd Team Rangers, Time 42.2 secs.

1000 Metres Relay (4 x 400) Men.
1st Team Rangers, 2nd Team Tatas Sports, 3rd Team St. Xavier's, Time 3 min. 25 secs.

400 Metres Cycle Team Pursuit.
1st Bombay Cycling "B", 2nd Malcolm Cycling, 3rd Bombay Cycling "A", Time 6 min. 13.9 secs.

100 Metres Run Women.
1st Miss R. Mistry, 2nd Miss B. Guzzdar, 3rd Miss P. Mendoca, Time 12.6 secs.

200 Metres Run—Women.
1st Miss B. Guzzdar, 2nd Miss R. Mistry, 3rd Miss N. Kapadia, Time 27.3 secs. (New Bombay Record).

500 Metres Cycle—Women.
1st Miss D. Darukhanawala, 2nd Miss P. Gini, 3rd Miss K. Zaveri, Time: 46 seconds.

1000 Metres Cycle Race Women.
1st D. Darukhanawala, 2nd P. Gini, 3rd K. Zaveri, Time 1 min. 41 sec.

Throwing The Discus Women.
1st Miss B. Thadani, 2nd Miss A. Albuquerque, 3rd Miss A. D'Souza, Distance 71 ft. 9 inches.

Running Broad Jump (Women).
1st Miss B. Guzzdar, 2nd Miss P. Mendoca, 3rd Miss N. Farias, Distance 16 ft. 3 1/4 in.

Throwing The Javelin—Women.
1st Miss B. Guzzdar, 2nd Miss A. D'Souza, 3rd Miss A. Albuquerque, Distance: 72 ft. 5 inch. (New Bombay Record).

Putting The Shot—Women.
1st Miss B. Thadani, 2nd Miss P. Murzban, 3rd Miss A. Albuquerque, Distance 27 ft. 7 inch.

400 Metres Relay (4 x 100) Women.
1st Team St. Xavier's, 2nd Team Sophia College, Time 52.3 secs.

Kabadi Juniors.
Winners Bombay 60 points, Runners-up Poona 33 points.

Kabadi Senior.
Winners, Bombay 25 points, Runners-up Miraj 13 points.

FESTIVAL HOCKEY TOURNAMENT

Six Teams Invited

BOMBAY, Saturday. Six teams have been invited to participate in the Festival Hockey Tournament for the Bhivandiwala Cup which commences on 21 February on the B.P. H.A. ground, Goa, Maharashtra, Combined Railways, Bombay, Rest and Combined Colleges. The interests of the teams will be looked after by the following: Maharashtra—N. D. Nagarwala, Combined Railways—Capt. E. G. Austen, Bombay—C. J. Rodrigues, Rest—F. W. Hanson, Combined Colleges—Rev. Fr. Fell, Goa—Jos Con-

U.S. BADMINTON ACES DOWN INDIANS

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 16, (U.P.A.): India's Mohan Lal gave the United States singles badminton champion, Dave Freeman, some anxious moments last night before falling before Freeman's icy play. 18-14, 15-3, in the featured match of the International series at the Pan-Pacific Auditorium.

The Indian ace took the first five points of the first game and led all the way to deuce. Stealing the serve, Freeman went on to take the game after several lengthy rallies. Freeman, undefeated in ten years' play, stroked to a one-sided but closely contested 15-to-3 win in the second game.

In the earlier singles matches, Dick Mitchell of San Diego, California, defeated Henry Ferreira of Bombay 15-7, 15-7, and Marten Mendez, No. 2 United States player, beat George Lewis of India 15-12 and 15-12.

In doubles, Freeman and Wynn Rogers teamed to defeat Lewis and Mohan Lal 15-9, 15-7. Barney McCay and Joe Atton of the United States downed India's G. Mugve and B. Ullal 17-15, 15-13.

In a match advertised as "the World Singles Title" David Freeman, American Badminton Champion, defeated Devinder Mohan in straight games: 18-14; 15-3 before a crowd of 2,500 at the Pan-Pacific auditorium here.

M. C. C. DISMISSES BORDER SIDE FOR 156

EAST LONDON, Jan. 15, (Reuters): After winning the toss and putting Border in to bat, the M.C.C. dismissed the home side for 156 runs and at the end of the first day's play of their three days match were thirty-one for one wicket.

"TIMES" SHIELD CRICKET

G. Ramchand's Unbeaten Double Century

BOMBAY, Sunday: "THE TIMES OF INDIA" S. C. BEAT ORIENTAL LIFE BY 10 WICKETS.

Batsmen fared well in this weekend's "Times of India" Shield Senior and Junior Division.

Times of India S.C. gained a big victory of 10 wickets over Oriental Life. Times without the loss of a single wicket scored 211 runs, L. B. Kenny contributed 113 not out and Fatherpek 87 not out.

Another big scoring match was between Bombay Port Trust and Bombay Mutual when G. Ramchand scored 209 unbeaten out of a total of 364 for 4 wickets, then G. Nanik scored 66 not out.

M. K. Mantri playing for A.C.C. Sports against Customs A.C. put up 80 runs to enable his side to beat Customs by 35 runs.

The scores were as follows: **SENIOR DIVISION**

TRADES MARKS BEAT BANK OF INDIA BY 3 WICKETS.

BANK OF INDIA 82 (T. B. Vinod 8 for 17), **TRADES MARKS** 130 for 7 wickets. (M. P. Thakar 33 not out, M. R. Khan 37; B. Karbari 4 for 45; Gowadia 3 for 31).

A.C.C. SPORTS CLUB BEAT CUSTOMS ATHLETIC CLUB BY 25 RUNS.

A.C.C. 216 (M. K. Mantri 90; S. V. Palwankar 4 for 57), **CUSTOMS A.C.** 181 (S. V. Palwankar 65; E. B. Gal 7 for 69, J. V. D'Souza 3 for 30).

G.I.P. RAILWAY (VICTORIA) VS. BANK OF BARODA S.C.

G.I.P. RAILWAY 403 for 9 wickets, decl., (B. M. Patel 86, R. S. Adhikari 67 retired, K. L. Tipnis 54 not out, L. V. Aita 64; M. K. Gupta 3 for 91, Hukum Singh 3 for 108), **BANK OF BARODA** 98 for 5 wickets. (Maxie Vas 36; M. D. D'Mello 3 for 42) (Match to be continued tomorrow).

R

BUY ONE YEAR'S 20 YARDS CLOTH RATION NOW AND BUY 50 : 50 FINE AND MEDIUM

You can buy your one year's full quota of 20 yards Cloth Ration at once. Further more you can now buy half the quota i.e. 10 yards in fine or superfine and the other 10 yards in medium or coarse cloth.

PLEASE NOTE: THIS CONCESSION IS ALLOWED ONLY UPTO 15TH MARCH, 1949, BUT MAY BE WITHDRAWN EARLIER. IF YOU WISH TO TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THIS CONCESSION BUY YOUR CLOTH NOW.

THIS IS YOUR CLOTH COUPON SHEET

6 UNITS SAREE OR DHOTI D Sr. No. 8 0000 J4 BOMBAY RATIONED AREA 1-12-1948 to 31-5-1949	6 UNITS SAREE OR DHOTI A Sr. No. 8 0000 J4 BOMBAY RATIONED AREA 1-12-1948 to 31-5-1949
3 UNITS COATING E Sr. No. 8 0000 J4 BOMBAY RATIONED AREA 1-6-1949 to 30-11-1949	3 UNITS COATING B Sr. No. 8 0000 J4 BOMBAY RATIONED AREA 1-12-1948 to 31-5-1949
1 UNIT COATING F Sr. No. 8 0000 J4 BOMBAY RATIONED AREA 1-6-1949 to 30-11-1949	1 UNIT COATING C Sr. No. 8 0000 J4 BOMBAY RATIONED AREA 1-12-1948 to 31-5-1949

You can buy cloth on all the coupons marked A, B, C and also on D, E and F now irrespective of the date of validity marked on the coupons.

And now this is how you can buy rationed cloth—

COUPON A or D 6 units each		COUPONS B or E 3 units each		COUPONS C or F 1 unit each	
Maximum available in—		Maximum available in—		Maximum available in—	
Fine or Superfine (1) Saree or Dhoti or (2) 'Other cloth'	Medium or Coarse (1) Saree or Dhoti or (2) 'Other cloth'	Fine or Superfine (1) Coating or (2) 'Other cloth'	Medium or Coarse (1) Coating or (2) 'Other cloth'	Fine or Superfine (1) Coating or (2) 'Other cloth'	Medium or Coarse (1) Coating or (2) 'Other cloth'
3 yards and or 2 yards and or 1 yard and or Nil and	3 yards or 4 yards or 5 yards or 6 yards	1-1/2 yards and or 1 yard and or Nil and	1-1/2 yards or 2 yards or 3 yards	1/2 yard and or Nil and	1/2 yard or 1 yard

CHILD'S (BELOW SIX YEARS) COUPON SHEET

3 UNITS OTHER CLOTH W Sr. No. CH. 80000 J4 BOMBAY RATIONED AREA 1-6-1949 to 30-11-1949	3 UNITS OTHER CLOTH Z Sr. No. CH. 80000 J4 BOMBAY RATIONED AREA 1-12-1948 to 31-5-1949
2 UNITS OTHER CLOTH X Sr. No. CH. 80000 J4 BOMBAY RATIONED AREA 1-6-1949 to 30-11-1949	2 UNITS OTHER CLOTH Y Sr. No. CH. 80000 J4 BOMBAY RATIONED AREA 1-12-1948 to 31-5-1949

COUPONS Z or W 3 Units each

Maximum available in—

Fine and Superfine or 'Other cloth'	Medium and Coarse or 'Other cloth'
1-1/2 yards and or 1 yard and or Nil and	1-1/2 yards or 2 yards or 3 yards

COUPONS X or Y 2 Units each

Maximum available in—

Fine and Superfine or 'Other cloth'	Medium and Coarse or 'Other cloth'
1 yard and or Nil and	1 yard or 2 yards

(Similarly, 1/4, 1/2 or 3/4th yard should also be calculated in the same manner provided the maximum available as indicated in the table is not exceeded).

If in the above proportion of fine to coarse cloth a balance of cloth remains unpurchased, that balance will lapse as soon as the whole coupon is surrendered and the sale transaction is over. Coating cloth will not be available on coupons A and D. Those coupons marked Saree or Dhoti also cannot be combined with other coupons B, E, C and F for purchasing a saree or dhoti either in fine or coarse material.

R

In the 'R' advertisement published in this paper on Saturday of 15th January, 1949, under the caption 'HAVE YOU OBTAINED YOUR CLOTH COUPON?' please make the following corrections:—

Under C Ward for Ration Shop No. 85 please substitute No. 83 and for Government Grain Shop No. 155 please substitute No. 153.

The Bombay Chronicle

*Nativity, once in the m in of light,
Crawls to maturity, wherewith being crown'd
Crooked eclipses 'gainst his glory fight,
And Time that gave, doth now his gift confound.*

—William Shakespeare

CONTROLLING CHAOS

The Inter-Dominion Conference which met at Karachi, has made known the details of the agreement arrived at regarding mainly the disposal and management of evacuee property. It is a matter for satisfaction that some order has been introduced into the prevailing chaos and that machinery is to be set up to ensure fair dealing. Liaison officers of each Dominion are to be attached to the Custodian of Evacuee Property in the other and through them the evacuees will be able to present their point of view. The area to which the agreement applies in Pakistan, is roughly the area known as Western Pakistan. In India, it refers to East Punjab and Delhi, Himachal Pradesh and Patiala and the East Punjab States, and Bikaner, Alwar and Bikaner for agricultural property, and to certain districts in the U.P., to Jodhpur and Jaipur, Rajasthan and Saurashtra. A J m e r-Merwara, Dholpur and Matsya in addition for urban property. The work has been divided between three regional committees on which both Dominions are equally represented. It will be the work of these committees to exchange records and arrive at a just estimate of the rights involved. The Government has the power to requisition agricultural property for a period of three years; urban immovable property is divided in three categories—residential, commercial and industrial—of which the first two can be requisitioned for three, and the third for five, years. The right to acquire an adequate compensation is also conferred on the Governments. In arriving at "adequate compensation," provision has been made for consultation on the judicial level between the two Dominions. In the more difficult task of urban movable property, the Conference has also arrived at an arrangement by which in the last resort the evacuee can appeal to the Custodian of Evacuee Property to dispose of on his behalf. Regular maintaining and exchange of accounts has been provided for. So far as these provisions go, there is every reason to hope for the fullest justice.

There is a curious detail which needs some explanation. It is provided that "refugees at present residing in houses vacated by evacuees will have the first claim for the purchase or hire of all items which are not dealt with by the Government on payment of a fair price." What the refugee does not want or is not prepared to pay fairly for, will be allowed to be taken away by the evacuee who will also be entitled to lodge complaints of misappropriation with the Custodian. The intention is doubtless laudable but there are several difficulties which present themselves. In the first place, the restriction of this right to "refugees" alone is inexplicable; anyone who occupies a house vacated by evacuees, should possess the right to purchase or hire items in it which are left abandoned as it were. We do not know how general the case is of a refugee occupying a vacated house but there is a certain responsibility that goes with the privilege which should attach to every occupant of an evacuated house. More fundamental is the point whether movable property can be dealt with so much scrupulous attention to detail. We presume that that which was worth removing, was taken away by the departing evacuee. At any rate it is very difficult to keep track of movable property and much too great a burden on the Custodians of Evacuee Property and on the working of the agreement. It would be surprising if in both Dominions the office of the Custodian is not inundated with complaints. The system, too, of coming into force late that much of the movable property must have been shifted, some perhaps several times over. Viewed as a general sign of establishing better relations between the two Dominions, there is every reason to welcome the agreement. But it would be fatal if evacuees' hopes were unduly raised by this part of it.

Social Work—A Programme

The "Leviathan" of State of which Hobbes wrote, was a gigantic organisation overshadowing its individual members, mostly by the organisation of its police power and war potential. The modern world, however, has seen a rapid progression from the police state to a social service state. Particularly in a country like India, which had no Government of its own, the chief functions of the State were to collect taxes and maintain law and order. The total inadequacy of this concept of Governmental functions, in the twentieth century, needs no special demonstration. The state, willingly or reluctantly, took over various other functions such as education, although the notion that education is a private affair still lingers. The trend towards a social service state which had begun—as witnessed chiefly in Labour legislation—was rapidly accelerated under the pressure of war. The government assumed even such remote functions as showing people how to cook palatable dishes out of unusual and unpalatable cereals. But all this was accidental. In the few brief months since freedom, a number of steps have been taken—such as Prohibition, social insurance and refugee rehabilitation, which have given a new character and complexion to administrative machinery. But it is clear that still greater progress has necessarily to be made and will be made in this direction hereafter.

It is in this context that the labours of the Indian Conference of Social Work formed last year are to be greatly welcomed. A glance at the numerous resolutions passed and the subjects touched upon in the deliberations of the Second Session of the Conference, held in Madras from December 18 to 22 last year under the presidency of Rajkumari Amrit Kaur, Minister for

Health, Government of India, will show how vast and complex are the problems waiting to be tackled. The Conference divided itself into 4 sections—State and Social Service, Refugee Relief and Rehabilitation, Rural Social Work and Reconstruction, and Welfare in Industry—and each section discussed and brought forward a number of recommendations in the shape of a series of resolutions. The resolutions which run into ten sheets of type were released to the press at a special function at the Taj on Saturday. This is presumably because the conference, when it was held, failed to get the amount of public attention that it deserved. This is understandable because the proceedings of the conference were necessarily unspectacular and, therefore, not "newsworthy." All the same the resolutions deserve careful study not only by the various governments concerned, but by all social workers and all those who lay stress on social service being a necessary part of government.

We would like, however, to draw attention here to a central idea underlying many of the recommendations of the Conference. One of these asks for the setting up of a Department of Social Service, a second demands greater facilities of training; and a third suggests that the present government staff of civilians should be asked to take short courses in social service organization. It is obvious that, if the progress towards a social service state is to be real, it must be staffed not by the old brass hats, but by men who are imbued with the principles of social service and trained in its methods. This, in effect, means that the whole emphasis in the recruitment and training of government servants must necessarily undergo a deep and fundamental change.

INDIA'S NATIONAL LANGUAGE

WITHOUT COMMENT

RANDFONTEIN, Jan. 15. (Reuter): General Jan Smuts, commenting on the Durban riots, said today that "South Africa was 'reeling her first fruits' of the present Government's 'racially repressive, ultra-reactionary economic policies'."

The small fire, which the Government's firing squad might lead to a terrible conflagration," he declared.

According to a Delhi message the Government have called a conference of the Agriculture and Finance Ministers of Provincial and State Governments on January 18, 1949 to discuss with them the Central Government's scheme for increasing the food production of the country.

We are glad, and now that the Government have discussed, formulated and re-discussed and formulated in 1947, 1948 and now 1949, the scheme to increase the food production of the country, we hope the scheme to increase the food production in the country is launched in January, 1950. Amen.

Sardar Md. Ibrahim Khan, the President of the so-called "Azad Kashmir Government," denies reports that his Government would cease to function and Azad troops be disbanded, making it, for further emphasis, "perfectly clear that the Azad Government cannot be dislodged by any power whatsoever."

We hope it is perfectly clear to the Security Council and its Agents—or else.

By the way, where is the Kashmir Chaudhri?

The Sardar denounces "false and baseless propaganda" against the Kashmir Government, which the propagandists had better take note of in their own interest.

What they ought to propagandise instead is, for instance, the Sardar's declaration that "only the Pakistan and Indian (sic) troops will be made to leave the state." Which, of course, is not propaganda even though half baseless and false.

Britain's Minister for Commonwealth Relations, Mr. Noel Baker, again recalls, in a speech at Cambridge held in the name of 550 million people the Commonwealth Premiers have pledged their support to U.N. in its task of maintaining peace etc.

Would Mr. Noel Baker be also good enough to note and not ignore how presently more than 550 million people of Asia, led by the 400 million of the Indian Commonwealth are going to pledge their support to Indonesia?

Ordeal in Africa

To the persecutions of the Malan administration has been added the terrible agony of race rioting. The Indian community in South Africa is indeed, being sorely tried. The incident from which the whole trouble arose, was small. It follows a pattern with which we in India have been made thoroughly familiar in the case of a still-keeper, a little boy, and the still-keeper was an Indian and the boy, African. The conflagration that followed, is inexplicable and the "underlying causes" of the riot remain yet to be determined. In Durban, it is attributed to the general sense of under-privilege among Africans, and General Smuts has set it down to the South African Government's policy. There will probably be little information regarding the real cause, but one cannot help feeling that the Indian-African common front and the uniting of the non-European are not altogether irrelevant. No South African Government, that one can imagine in the future, can be held altogether free from the suspicion of using agents provocateur. The Malan administration was shaken by the threatened defection of Mr. Havengood and his party. It was almost as though South Africa was being for a riot and it has got. It is a difficult situation for the South African Indian and the home country will go out to him.

Anomalous Position

The Indian official position in South Africa is difficult to follow. Since the Agent-General, or High Commissioner as he came to be called later, was withdrawn, the question of representation has been in a suspended state. The High Commissioner is not there but his office is kept up in all its fulness. It is necessary that the Government of India makes up its mind on this subject and either closes down the office or appoints a High Commissioner. The crisis that confronts the community is of great significance and as testing as that which necessitated the despatch of the late V. Srinivasa Sastri to the South African Union, as India's first Agent-General. It would be desirable if India could have someone posted in South Africa whose voice can carry weight with all Indians and at the same time have the backing of a world reputation behind. The best choice would be that of A. Ramaswami Mudaliar, the present Dewan of Mysore, who occupies a unique place in the United Nations galaxy of personalities. And nothing but the best can do in the present situation. South Africa, we are well aware, is very much a backwater in international politics but that is hardly likely to be a consideration so far as Mr. Mudaliar is concerned. The matter is urgent and the Indian Government should act promptly.

States Integration

When the Government of India issued its White Paper on Indian States last July, there were some six States, Union, nineteen viable States, and

Kaka Kalelkar's Plea For Ending Controversy

Kaka Kalelkar writes in "Harijan":—Our National Language has been variously called Hindustani, Hindi, Hindi, Sab-ki-boli, Rashtrabhasha, etc. In order to avoid being involved in a battle of names, some have tried to eschew all names by simply calling it the Common Language, the National Language, the State Language, and now the Federal Language. It is high time this controversy was ended. It is unnecessary to enter into the connotation and history of the different names, which have been tried so far. Those of us who have been using the word Hindustani are not enamoured of any particular name as such. It is the content of the language which ought to matter and not the name.

Mahatma Gandhi used the name Hindi from 1909 onwards but made it clear every time that Hindi included Urdu. The Congress, on the other hand, at the instance of Shri Purushottam Tandon, definitely accepted the word Hindustani, in its celebrated resolution of 1925. Hindustani served as a vinculum.

It was only after the Hindi Sahitya Sammelan had narrowed the definition of Hindi that Gandhiji found it necessary to accept the word Hindustani. It has to be conceded that Hindustani has a wider connotation than Hindi as matters stand today. Unfortunately Hindu nationalism and Hindu communalism have joined hands today and the word Hindustani has become suggestive of that spirit.

The result is that Muslims and other non-Hindu communities have a feeling that the word Hindustani gives them a place in the political and cultural life of India while the word Hindi does not. We would give up the name Hindustani for any other name on earth provided it wins the confidence of the non-Hindu communities and makes them feel that that word does not exclude contributions of India's non-Hindu culture and languages. Any name would do which gives the National Language a wider content than that which has been associated with the word Hindi. It should be a language spoken by the common people of the North, but at the same time, it must be easy enough to be understood by the people of the East, the West and the South.

To those who agree about the contents of the language—and I know several sober champions of the word Hindi who agree to the same definition being given to Hindi, as I give to the word Hindustani—and we would earnestly request all far-seeing and well-wishers of the country to learn both the scripts.

which is aimed at restricting its scope to Sanskritized Hindi by boycotting all words of non-Hindi origin. The Hindi translation of the Draft Constitution for India is a standing monument of what the boycott movement can lead us to.

Let the champions of the Hindi movement make it convincingly clear that Hindi does not stand for exclusive Hindu culture, that it wholeheartedly accepts the ideal of a secular democracy in which all religious and cultural units have got their rightful place and "here will not be any discrimination against any particular community nor against any distinctive outlook on life; and they will be able gradually, to bring all people round to their viewpoint under the banner of Hindi."

In the meanwhile they would do well to accept the word Hindustani which has been once raised to the high pedestal of the name for the National Language.

The problem of the script need not detain us for long. It is admitted on all sides that Nagari shall be used wherever Hindustani is written or printed for the use of all. The use of Urdu as a secondary script, for some years at least, is a physical necessity and recognition of this script will help nationalist Muslims in the country in their effort to dilute the heavily loaded "Urdu-mualla" into the easily understood "Urdu Gulabi" which is very much nearer to the Hindustani of our conception.

It had been suggested that the responsibility of publishing Government notices, proclamations, etc., in the Urdu script also should not be thrown on the Central Government, but should be made the concern of the provincial Governments like those of the U.P. and Bihar. Personally I should have no objection to it if this was suggested or adopted by those Governments. But how can we get that these Governments have definitely adopted the opposite policy? It must be somebody's concern to see that those who today can use only the Urdu script do not feel neglected, handicapped or ostracized. But above all let us see to it that what was meant to be a unifying and cementing factor does not divide the whole country into hostile camps.

We of the Hindustani Franchise Sabha will of course carry on our policy of spreading the Common Language representing a common culture, under the name of Hindustani and we would earnestly request all far-seeing and well-wishers of the country to learn both the scripts.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Ordeal in Africa

To the persecutions of the Malan administration has been added the terrible agony of race rioting. The Indian community in South Africa is indeed, being sorely tried. The incident from which the whole trouble arose, was small. It follows a pattern with which we in India have been made thoroughly familiar in the case of a still-keeper, a little boy, and the still-keeper was an Indian and the boy, African. The conflagration that followed, is inexplicable and the "underlying causes" of the riot remain yet to be determined. In Durban, it is attributed to the general sense of under-privilege among Africans, and General Smuts has set it down to the South African Government's policy. There will probably be little information regarding the real cause, but one cannot help feeling that the Indian-African common front and the uniting of the non-European are not altogether irrelevant. No South African Government, that one can imagine in the future, can be held altogether free from the suspicion of using agents provocateur. The Malan administration was shaken by the threatened defection of Mr. Havengood and his party. It was almost as though South Africa was being for a riot and it has got. It is a difficult situation for the South African Indian and the home country will go out to him.

Anomalous Position

The Indian official position in South Africa is difficult to follow. Since the Agent-General, or High Commissioner as he came to be called later, was withdrawn, the question of representation has been in a suspended state. The High Commissioner is not there but his office is kept up in all its fulness. It is necessary that the Government of India makes up its mind on this subject and either closes down the office or appoints a High Commissioner. The crisis that confronts the community is of great significance and as testing as that which necessitated the despatch of the late V. Srinivasa Sastri to the South African Union, as India's first Agent-General. It would be desirable if India could have someone posted in South Africa whose voice can carry weight with all Indians and at the same time have the backing of a world reputation behind. The best choice would be that of A. Ramaswami Mudaliar, the present Dewan of Mysore, who occupies a unique place in the United Nations galaxy of personalities. And nothing but the best can do in the present situation. South Africa, we are well aware, is very much a backwater in international politics but that is hardly likely to be a consideration so far as Mr. Mudaliar is concerned. The matter is urgent and the Indian Government should act promptly.

States Integration

When the Government of India issued its White Paper on Indian States last July, there were some six States, Union, nineteen viable States, and

nine non-viable States left on the map of India. Since then the figures have been steadily reduced. The non-viable States have practically ceased to be a problem and in the next few months they will all be absorbed. The viable States have been brought down to fifteen, with the forming of Rajasthan, which will be a Vajirbhairu Patel announced on Friday last. The Union of Rajasthan comprising some ten States—30,000 square miles, 4,250,000 population—has received the four States of Jaipur (36,000 square miles, 2,500,000 population), Bikaner (23,000, 1,300,000), Jaipur (16,000, 3,000,000) and Jaisalmer (16,000, 93,000). Greater Rajasthan, therefore, now becomes a unit of 120,000 square miles with a population of about 11 million. People the first States unit in area, and only second to Hyderabad in population. No doubt, as conditions in the area improve, there will be more people drawn into it. The industrially advanced State of Jaipur provides a significant example. Rajasthan is in more senses than one the heart of India and the unification of the entire area ensures that it will play as great a part in the future as it has done in the past. It is an achievement which might be well acclaimed in view of the past history and traditions of the feudal rulers. Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel struck a significant blow when he told the people to beware of dissensions and petty wrangling.

Kashmir Clarification

At Calcutta, Pandit Jawaharlal referred to Kashmir and observed that there were certain points requiring clarification, some of which he had cleared when a couple of aide-memoires were released by the U.N. Commission. Pandit Jawaharlal spoke on Thursday. The next day the documents were made available for publication. They are notes on the discussions between the U.N. Commission, Dr. Lozano, and Pandit Jawaharlal, in December in Delhi. One point that had caused some confusion, has indeed been cleared up—the future of the "Azad Kashmir" forces. The Indian Government asked for disarmament of these forces and Dr. Lozano was inclined at first to press for just disarmament. But, on it being represented to him, that even after disarmament the presence of some 30,000 armed men infesting the area would be a threat to those in the territory who were not in favour of Pakistan as well as to the security of the rest of the State, Dr. Lozano agreed that the phrase "free-scale disarmament" represented correctly the Commission. This is an exceedingly satisfactory position and it indicates that the word "forces" applied to those areas under the grip of the "Azad Kashmir" forces refers largely to the forces of the Kashmir State. Similarly, the Plebiscite Administrator will not be concerned with matters of general administration, is to be appointed after the State is cleared of outside interference. If he finds that the conditions are not ripe for a plebiscite do not exist, other ways of ascertaining the will of the people will be explored. This itself should prove

invaluable in bringing about the co-operation of all those who have deep interest in the future of India. The release of these "aide-memoires" are opportune. They dispel the false reports circulated by interested parties like the "Azad Kashmir" leaders who naturally misrepresent facts.

The People's Army

It was a happy note that Lt. Gen. K. M. Cariappa struck in his message to the Indian community in the first Commander-in-Chief—"The Army belongs to the people." It is necessary, however, that there should be a vigorous drive to bring home this realization to both the Army and the people where in the past the uniform has meant seclusion and separation. It cannot be doubted that the Kashmir campaign, for instance, would have been rendered far less a drudgery had the people been organized half as well as they were in the Second World War with their enthusiasm of public workers and social lights should evaporate as soon as the Indian Army becomes really "Indian." What is necessary is the providing by the State of the necessary incentive and the opportunities for rendering this kind of service. It would be desirable, if, under the new command, a sustained effort is made to establish friendly relations between army personnel and the general public. There are no doubt difficulties, not the least being the need for keeping politics out of the army, while "all that the Communists but other countries have faced this problem and there need be no fear that in India it will prove insurmountable.

The Pot And The Kettle

At the convention of working class men of Hyderabad State, Mr. Asoka Mehta, who presided, and Mr. N. M. Joshi, who addressed the convention, had hard things to say of both the Communists and the Congress, which, according to them, were trying to disrupt the unity of the working class movement. The Congress Government at the Centre and in the Provinces were accused of taking up a "partisan" attitude towards one of the three central organisations of labour, while "all that the Communists wanted," according to Mr. Mehta, was "to strengthen their party at any cost" and "for this purpose they used labour as a pawn." Mr. Mehta did not stop to reflect whether his own party had not laid itself open repeatedly to the very charges that he has levelled at the other two parties. Indeed, while Mr. Joshi in his speech made a grievance of the fact that the working class movement was well-served by the association of political bodies with it, Mr. Mehta declared that labour could not be dissociated from politics and he went to the length of exhorting his hearers that their aim should be "to form the Labour Government both in the centre and in the provinces" and that to achieve this object they should have a strong party at their back—meaning, no doubt, his own Socialist Party.

UNESCO CONFERENCE AT BEIRUT

BY A. A. FYZEE, MEMBER OF THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA DELEGATION TO THE UNESCO CONFERENCE HELD AT BEIRUT.—II

The Conference started with a formal address of welcome in Arabic by the Lebanese Minister of Education, and an address in French by the Lebanese President. Then the Conference broke up into 3 Commissions:

(a) Programme and Budget Commission (Budget and New Activities).

(b) Administrative Commission (salaries, organization of secretariat, contribution of States, medical relief, allowances).

(c) Official and External Relations Commission. Shrimati Kamadevi Chattopadhyaya was elected Chairman of the Official and External Relations Commission and Prof. Banerji, Vice-Chancellor of Calcutta University, Vice-Chairman of the Administrative Commission.

I was myself appointed by our Leader to the Administrative Commission and spent the first ten days in discussion on administrative matters, Malcom Macdonald, Commissioner General in South-East Asia, broadcasting from Radio Malaya tonight, said the British looked forward to the day when Malaya would take her place beside other self-governing peoples of the British Commonwealth.

"That is a promise. We shall not break it," he said. Critics sometimes suggested that British sought to exploit the situation arising out of the existence of different racial communities with sometimes varying interests and that our purpose was to "divide and rule." Mr. Macdonald said:

Nothing was further from the truth, he declared.

Seven million Lebanese pounds (9 millions rupees) were spent on the preparation of several buildings, including the main building of UNESCO were built specially for the occasion. Each delegation was housed in a good hotel and was provided with a fleet of cars. Each day there were receptions, lectures and exhibitions. Each country paid for the hotel charges of delegates, but the cars were supplied free.

INDIAN DELEGATES' WORK

It is a matter of gratification that the Indian delegates, in the whole, did extremely well. In each of the 3 Commissions, we were well-represented. We had a Chairman in one Vice-Chairman in the second and a rapporteur (that is official Secretary, appointed by the commission, to present reports and write the minutes) in the third, Mr. Kirpal, Deputy Secretary, Ministry of Education. But when Malaya took her place beside other self-governing peoples of the British Commonwealth, it was disclosed here tonight.

Ceylon, it was understood, has undertaken the supply of 8,000 tons of coconut and coconut oil to Pakistan during this year while Pakistan has agreed to export foodstuffs and dried fish.

The agreement is subject to ratification by both Governments.

Why "First"

Sir.—Referring to the appointment of Lieut-General Cariappa, who have observed in your issue of January 17 that he is the "first" Indian to hold the post of Commander-in-Chief. All congratulations are due to Lt-General Cariappa, but I really do not appreciate what emphasis is still laid on somebody being the "first" Indian to hold a particular position. Does not such emphasis betray inferiority complex? Do we not live in India, as distinguished from "British" India? Is anything extraordinary that an Indian should hold a position of eminence in his own Independent India country?

Let us have no more of this complex please!—ARAJAN L. MAHTANI.

Builder of International Friendship

The most important feature of UNESCO is its character as a builder of international friendship and contacts. Each of the delegates felt that he made contacts with kindred spirits from all parts of the world. To take my own case, I made friends with two American professors of law 5 or 6 Arabic scholars from the Universities of Cairo, Istanbul and Beirut, whose work was known to me, but whose personal acquaintance is a valuable asset, and met a number of poets, teachers, scientists and statesmen.

UNESCO is a well-organized cultural Conference with a hope for the future. Its activities can be criticized, its methods improved, its work and usefulness increased, but until the mind of man can devise a superior substitute, it should be supported and strengthened, for by international collaboration it attempts to create the defences of peace in the minds of men.

THE FIRST ARTICLE APPEARED ON THE 7TH INSTANT.

King Paul's Hunt For All-Party Cabinet

ATHENS, Jan. 16 (Reuter).—King Paul of Greece today gave the leaders of the Greek political parties 24-hours to form a "United Government of National salvation" embracing all parties, failing which he would "find another solution."

GUERRILLA TROOPS MACHINE-GUNNED

Greek Government planes today machine-gunned guerrilla troops retreating from Naoussa, West Macedonia, which the guerrillas held for a few days but lost again yesterday. All factories and more than 200 houses were destroyed or damaged in the battle for Naoussa, a General State of Communism, said today. The communists alleged that guerrillas executed the Mayor, a Councillor, and two employers, and abducted about 300 people.

Macdonald's Assurance To Malaya

SINGAPORE, Jan. 16 (Reuter).—Mr. Malcom Macdonald, Commissioner General in South-East Asia, broadcasting from Radio Malaya tonight, said the British looked forward to the day when Malaya would take her place beside other self-governing peoples of the British Commonwealth.

"That is a promise. We shall not break it," he said. Critics sometimes suggested that British sought to exploit the situation arising out of the existence of different racial communities with sometimes varying interests and that our purpose was to "divide and rule." Mr. Macdonald said:

Nothing was further from the truth, he declared.

Madras Decontrols Groundnuts

MADRAS, Jan. 16. (U.P.I.): The Government of Madras have passed orders decontrolling the entire production of groundnut oil cakes by mills and cancelling their ceiling prices with effect from January 15.

Ceylon-Pakistan Trade Pact

KARACHI, Jan. 16. (A.P.I.): Pakistan and Ceylon have negotiated a trade pact under which Ceylon will supply coconut and coconut oil to Pakistan during this year while Pakistan has agreed to export foodstuffs and dried fish.

The agreement is subject to ratification by both Governments.

Why "First"

Sir.—Referring to the appointment of Lieut-General Cariappa, who have observed in your issue of January 17 that he is the "first" Indian to hold the post of Commander-in-Chief. All congratulations are due to Lt-General Cariappa, but I really do not appreciate what emphasis is still laid on somebody being the "first" Indian to hold a particular position. Does not such emphasis betray inferiority complex? Do we not live in India, as distinguished from "British" India? Is anything extraordinary that an Indian should hold a position of eminence in his own Independent India country?

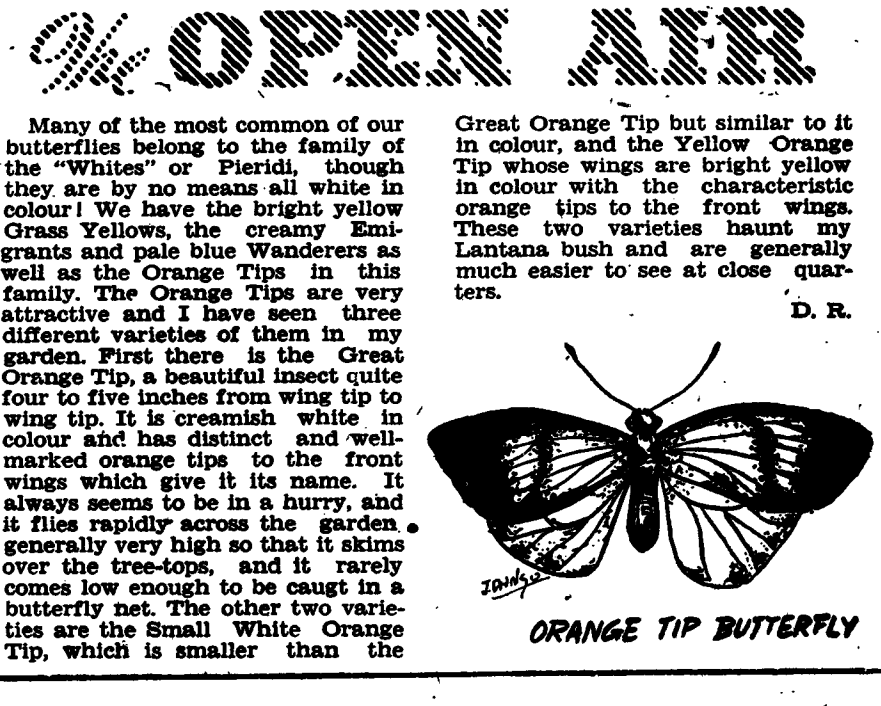
Let us have no more of this complex please!—ARAJAN L. MAHTANI.

Builder of International Friendship

The most important feature of UNESCO is its character as a builder of international friendship and contacts. Each of the delegates felt that he made contacts with kindred spirits from all parts of the world. To take my own case, I made friends with two American professors of law 5 or 6 Arabic scholars from the Universities of Cairo, Istanbul and Beirut, whose work was known to me, but whose personal acquaintance is a valuable asset, and met a number of poets, teachers, scientists and statesmen.

UNESCO is a well-organized cultural Conference with a hope for the future. Its activities can be criticized, its methods improved, its work and usefulness increased, but until the mind of man can devise a superior substitute, it should be supported and strengthened, for by international collaboration it attempts to create the defences of peace in the minds of men.

THE FIRST ARTICLE APPEARED ON THE 7TH INSTANT.



Just Requisite to Good Health

The blood is the stream of life—the foundation of good health. It is common sense for everyone to cleanse the blood of impurities. Clarke's Blood Mixture is world famous as a blood purifying medicine and it can be recommended to remove the cause of health disorders arising from an impure state of the blood.

CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE

In liquid and tablet form of all dealers

STEAM & MINING EQUIPMENT (INDIA) LTD.

101, Park Street, CALCUTTA

REPRESENTATIVES FOR:

PINE SIEVING & STRAINING MACHINES

Russell Construction Limited

PETROL/PARAFFIN CUBERN ENGINES

Browett Lindley Ltd.

CHEMICAL PLANTS

Cannon Iron Foundries

PAINT MACHINERY

Torrance & Sons Ltd.

WIRE AND ROPES

Garnock, Bibb & Co. Ltd.

INDUSTRIAL FANS

Musgrave & Co. Ltd.

CUSTOM SHUPE CLEARING AGENTS

Enquiries Solicited

Youth In 24 Hours

"OTOGEN" (Herbal Tonic) prepared by PARKER & DAVIS makes a man or woman look and feel 15 to 20 years younger than the actual age. It gives good appetite and increases weight from 5 to 10 lbs. within a week. Boosts returns to your cheeks and your appearance is improved 100 per cent. The brilliance and lustre of your face will be the same as in youth when your skin was smooth and fresh. "OTOGEN" improves your looks, puts a sparkle into your eyes, they colour into your cheeks and lips. It darkens whitish grey hair permanently for life. "OTOGEN" was tried upon an emaciated male patient aged above 100 years. By one month's regular use of this marvellous preparation this patient of 100 years age gained the health of a 30 years young man. Price Rs. 5/- S. R. 447 BOMBAY.

OPENING ON FRIDAY, 21st Jan.

(Ad. Bkgs. 10 to 12 and 4 to 6)

OUR SONS & DAUGHTERS

PRESENT THEIR PROBLEMS IN—

MURLI Movie-tone's Social picture

Direction: RAM DARVANI

Starting: Mumtaz Shanti, Dilip Kumar, Manorama, Jivan, Gepe, Dixit.

OPENING ON FRIDAY AT IMPERIAL

(A MODEL PICTURES LTD. Release)

13th Week!

Prakash Pictures great Mythological

RAMBAAN

Director: VIJAY BHATT

Daily 3-15, 6-15 and 9-30 p.m.

Bkgs. 9-30 to 11-30 and 4-30 to 7-30 p.m.

KOHINOOR

Daily 3-30 6-30 and 9-30

Booking 9 to 11 a.m.

An EVERGREEN Release

CITY & SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Posh Vad 3, 2005.
Muslim: Rabb-ul-Awwal 17, 1368.
Parsee: Amardad 17, 1318.
Sunrise 7-15 a.m. Sunset: 6-23 p.m.
Flight: 01-44, 12-41.
Low tide: 08-00, 10-40.
CORPORATION MEETING: 2-30 p.m. (B.T.).

Domestic Occurrence

DEATHS.
SWAMY—M. R. K., former teacher, New Era School passed away on 14th January, at Madras after protracted illness from ruthless disease valiantly fought and very patiently borne. Legendry Rastogi by his bedside. Deeply mourned by his two orphaned daughters and large circle of friends teachers and pupils. May his soul rest in peace.

IN MEMORIAM

SWAMY—M. R. K. No human words can express the greatness of your soul or your unshakable faith in the Almighty. And yet must God punish his most devoted worshippers? Yes, we hear you saying: "I hope to see my Pilot face to face when I have crossed the bar."

—P. M. KAVADIA

Today's Engagements

U. S. TEXT BOOK EXHIBITION: American textbook exhibition open to the public at the Town Hall, 11 a.m. to 7 p.m., until Wednesday, January 19.

AT YOU TODAY: Mr. U. M. Mandhara, will speak on "Folk Songs" with musical demonstration at the Young's Own Union—Y.O.U.—today (Monday), Cama Library Hall, 6-15 p.m.

A NITE WITH STARS: In aid of Troops comforts and Kashmir Relief, 9-15 p.m. Regal Cinema.

PROVINCIAL CO-OPERATIVE MARKETING BOARD: Reception to Dewan Bahadur Bimala L. Kaji, Taj Mahal 5-30 p.m.

P. E. N. LECTURE: Lt.-Col. T. Ford Thomson will lecture at Bombay University Convocation Hall, 6-15 p.m. today. Mr. K. G. Salyadin, will preside.

"Netaji Day" will be observed in Bombay, under the auspices of the B. P. C. C. on 23rd inst. with flag salutation in the morning and a public meeting in the evening.

REVISION CLASSES: The Students' Department of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee has organized revision classes for Matriculation students. The classes will run from about 21st inst. in the evening when teachers like Shri B. M. Kapadia, Shri P. C. Shah, Shri Desai, Shri Kelkar and others will give lectures on the main subjects namely English, Mathematics and Physics-Chemistry. Students can contact the Secretary of the Students' Department at the Congress House any day between 6 and 7-30 p.m.

PARLE-ANDHRI MUNICIPALITY: A general meeting of the Parle-Andhri Borough Municipality held on Saturday, January 15, at Gadsad Hall, Andheri, presided by the Municipal Commissioner, Mr. K. C. Iyer, presided.

C. C. I. OPEN TENNIS CHAMPIONSHIPS, 1949: The annual C. C. I. Open Tennis Championships will be held from Monday, 24th January to Sunday, 30th Jan., 1949, and necessary, the Preliminary Rounds will commence from Thursday, 20th January.

Entry will close at 6 p.m. on Monday, 17th Jan., and the Draw made at 6 p.m. on Tuesday, 18th January.

Participating Men: All India reputation headed by Sumant M. D. D. Bose, Nareesh Kumar, K. B. Madan, V. Shanti Mohan and Afansa Hussain will participate.

Mrs. L. Dayal, Mrs. K. Singh, Miss L. Woodbridge, Miss Joan Ingram, Mrs. S. R. Mody and Miss V. Alexi will comprise the Women's entry.

Reserved Season Tickets for Non-Members, are available at Rs. 30 and for Member, Wife and Children at Rs. 12/8, both inclusive of tax.

10 KILLED IN BHOPAL FIRING

(From Our Correspondent)

JUBBILPORE, Jan. 15.

According to reports reaching Jubbulpore it is authoritatively learnt more than ten persons were killed and above 250 wounded and several missing when Bhopal State police opened fire at Makar Sankranti fair held at village Boras on river Nar-mada adjoining C.P. border.

The firing took place while two public workers were addressing the gathering.

KHAN G. M. KHAN'S HABEAS CORPUS PETITION

PESHAWAR, Jan. 16 (UPI): It is learnt that Khan Ghulam Mohd. Khan, the well-known Frontier Muslim League worker, has filed another habeas corpus petition against his detention under N.W.F.P. Public Safety Act.

Earlier, he was released from detention by the Judicial Commissioner, N.W.F.P., but the Frontier Government, immediately after his release, re-arrested him under the Public Safety Act.

SURAT DT. LOCAL BOARD ELECTIONS

SURAT, Jan. 16 (API): The triennial elections for the Surat District Local Board will be held some time in the latter part of May according to a Press Note issued by the District Magistrate of Surat.

The elections are being held for the first time under joint electorates and the work of preparing electoral rolls will be started from the beginning of February.

STORAGE ACCOMMODATION

Space Available in our Godown situated at RAICHUR STREET, Near Wadi Bunder Police Lines, Bombay.

Space for 2000 to 3000 packages available at moderate godown rent. Enquiries solicited.

Please contact: THE MANAGER, NEW-ERA WAREHOUSING CO. LTD., 24, Elphinstone Circle, Fort, BOMBAY.

GOVERNOR WITH THE SCOUTS



H. E. Sir Maharaj Singh inspected the Scouts Rally at Cooperage on Saturday.

CONDITIONS OF PRESS IN BOMBAY PROVINCE

Marathi Journalists Conference Appoints Committee To Collect Data

SANGLI, Jan. 16 (A.P.I.): A demand for the revision of the restrictions on the press embodied in the Public Security Measures Act, in view of the all-round improvement in the general situation of the country, and particularly, in Hyderabad and Kashmir was made by the Marathi Journalists Conference which concluded its two-day session today.

The Conference, however, agreed that the Government should have special powers during the times of emergency. It asked for immediate judicial review of every executive action that had been taken against the newspapers and claimed that they should not be debarred to approach judicial courts for relief.

The resolution, in conclusion, appealed to the Government to encourage communalism and violence in their writings as caution was necessary for the growth of democratic institutions in the country.

By another resolution, the Conference strongly condemned the "reactionary and unwarranted" decisions of the Dar Commission on linguistic provinces and protested that the opposing the principle of the formation of linguistic provinces, the Commission has transgressed its legitimate terms of reference. The resolution demanded the formation of a United Maharashtra Province incorporating all Marathi-speaking areas in India together with the city of Bombay. The Conference urged the Constituent Assembly to concede that legitimate demand and further urged the Marathi press to carry on propaganda in order to help that assembly in this task.

The Conference urged the Bombay Government to appoint a Committee to investigate the conditions of the Press and the working journalists in the Province, on the lines of the Central Provinces and United Provinces Governments. The Conference

also appointed its own Committee under the chairmanship of Mr. S. S. Navre, Editor, Prabhat, Bombay, to collect the preliminary data in this matter.

The Conference conducted the debate of Mr. K. P. Khadikar, Founder, "Navakar," Bombay. Mr. B. G. Horniman, Mr. S. A. Brelvi and Shrimad Pramlata Oak and a few other journalists.

Appeal For Separate Radio Station

SANGLI, Jan. 16 (A.P.I.): A deputation on behalf of the Marathi Journalists Conference waited upon Mr. R. R. Diwakar, Minister of State for Information and Broadcasting, to collect the preliminary data in this matter.

The deputationists said that the personnel of the A. I. R. at present comprised of people not sufficiently acquainted with Marathi culture and literature. They also suggested inclusion of journalists and literary bodies on the Programme Advisory Board.

The deputationists expressed their disappointment that the Government should allow starting of non-Governmental broadcasting stations under the absolute control of the Government. This, they felt, was necessary to keep the public in touch with industrial and commercial day-to-day affairs, particularly in Maharashtra.

Mr. Diwakar, it is learnt, assured them of sympathetic considerations of their suggestions.

Mr. S. A. Iyer, Director of Public Information, Government of Bombay, was present by special invitation. The deputation comprised Messrs. D. V. Gokhale, S. S. Navre, Prabhakar Padhye, T. R. Deggiriker, Appa Pemas and M. V. Sane.

SAURASHTRA CABINET RE-FORMATION

RAJKOT, Jan. 16 (A.P.I.): With the election yesterday at Junagadh of Mr. U. N. Dhebar as leader of the Congress Party in the Saurashtra Assembly a new Cabinet will be formed soon after the taking over of the administration of Junagadh by the Saurashtra Government fixed tentatively for January 20.

It is likely, it was stated, that the new Cabinet will include one or two more persons, including Mr. Samaldas Gandhi, at present Home Member in the Junagadh Executive Council.

BASELESS REPORT

The news appearing in a section of the Press that H. H. the Jamshah of Nawanganar, Rajpramukh of Saurashtra, proceeded to Delhi for the purpose of altering the venue of the first meeting of the Saurashtra Assembly from Rajkot to Jamnagar has been officially contradicted as "baseless".

GIFTED RADIO ARTIST

MURIEL HENSCHEN

Gifted American radio artist rehearses a solo number for "An American Half Hour" to be broadcast at 10 p.m. today (Monday).—U.S.S. photo.



Postal Strike Ballot Result Postponed

BOMBAY, Sunday.

The result of the Postal Strike Ballot which were to be announced today have been withheld in accordance with a decision arrived at by the officials and members of the Postmen and Lower Grade Staff Union, at a meeting held this evening at the Union Office at Benham Hall Lane, Girgaum. The results will however be declared before January 20.

Union representatives stated today that the announcement of the results has been held up because of the delay in receipt of ballot papers from the district offices of the Union, such as Poona, Ahmednagar and Sholapur.

The ballot papers from the city and suburbs have been sent in by the respective local offices. The Managing Committee of the Postal Union will scrutinize the papers when the district ballot papers have been collected.

POST-1931 EMPLOYEES OF P. & T. DEPARTMENT

Demand For Restoration Of 'Personal Pay'

BOMBAY, Sunday.

The General Secretary of the Union to Post and Telegraph Workers, Bombay City (Postal) Branch writes:—

A deputation of post-1931 employees of the Post and Telegraphs Department waited upon the Senior Deputy Director General, Post and Telegraphs, Mr. H. L. Jethi, on Jan. 13 in connection with their demand that the amount of personal pay of 15 p.c. recommended by the Hon'ble Adjudicator, Mr. G. S. Sakharekar (which the Government had chosen to clarify as interim relief) should be included in the present substantive pay of the post-1931 entrants revised by the Pay Commission.

He pointed out that this Personal Pay (which the Department treated as allowance) was withdrawn as per the Pay Commission's recommendations, but the deputationists submitted that the Department had gone beyond the recommendations of the Pay Commission while fixing the substantive salaries of the pre-1931 employees and the post-1931 employees—many of whom were on the unified scales of pay—and there should be no objection to consider the just case of these employees, who were recruited between 1931 and 38.

The Senior Deputy Director General agreed that their case was genuine and that injustice had been done to this class of employees. He further said that the Department was aware of the injustice and had recomputed the restoration of the Personal Pay but the proposal had not met with the approval of the Finance Department.

The deputationists expressed their disappointment that the Government should allow starting of non-Governmental broadcasting stations under the absolute control of the Government. This, they felt, was necessary to keep the public in touch with industrial and commercial day-to-day affairs, particularly in Maharashtra.

Mr. Diwakar, it is learnt, assured them of sympathetic considerations of their suggestions.

Mr. S. A. Iyer, Director of Public Information, Government of Bombay, was present by special invitation. The deputation comprised Messrs. D. V. Gokhale, S. S. Navre, Prabhakar Padhye, T. R. Deggiriker, Appa Pemas and M. V. Sane.

11 REFUGEES ARRESTED IN CALCUTTA

CALCUTTA, Jan. 16 (A.P.I.): Eleven East Bengal refugees were arrested today by the police in south Calcutta on a charge of being members of an unlawful assembly.

The arrested persons, it is alleged, had organised a demonstration of refugees in front of the residence of Dr. Shyama Prasad Mookerjee, India's Industry and Supply Minister, in the morning in defiance of the police order banning such demonstration.

Demand For Release Of Socialists

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Resolutions demanding release of Socialist Party workers, who were arrested "for participating in the Hyderabad Struggle" were passed at a meeting of the Socialist Party held this evening at Podar College, Matunga.

Mr. D. V. Taji presided over the meeting.

Radio

BOMBAY, Monday, Jan. 17

7-30 a.m. Datta Davekar (Bhavgeet) 7-40 News (E) 7-50 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Dilipkumar (Geeto) 8-45 Gangubai Hangal (Vocal music) 12-0 p.m. Programme for women in Hindi (E) 12-15 Urdu (E) 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Suno Suno 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Lunch-Hour Music 4-0 School Broadcast 5-0 A. K. Kulkarni (Violin) 5-15 Datta Davekar (Bhavgeet) 5-30 Sundaramma Raghaviah (Hindi Bhajan) 5-45 News (E) 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (E) 6-15 Datta Davekar (Bhavgeet) 6-30 Ramkrishna Parvatkar (Purbi) 6-50 Dilipkumar (Geeto) 7-0 Topic of the Day 7-10 Local Announcements and Weather Report 7-15 S. A. Kulkarni (Violin) 7-30 Phugavan Haco Talk in Gujarati 7-45 Mixed Melodies 8-0 News (M) 8-15 News (E) 9-15 News (E) 9-30 B. O. News Relay 9-40 Anything Goes 9-45 Talk in English 10-0 Gangubai Hangal (Vocal music)

7-30 a.m. Datta Davekar (Bhavgeet) 7-40 News (E) 7-50 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Dilipkumar (Geeto) 8-45 Gangubai Hangal (Vocal music) 12-0 p.m. Programme for women in Hindi (E) 12-15 Urdu (E) 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Suno Suno 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Lunch-Hour Music 4-0 School Broadcast 5-0 A. K. Kulkarni (Violin) 5-15 Datta Davekar (Bhavgeet) 5-30 Sundaramma Raghaviah (Hindi Bhajan) 5-45 News (E) 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (E) 6-15 Datta Davekar (Bhavgeet) 6-30 Ramkrishna Parvatkar (Purbi) 6-50 Dilipkumar (Geeto) 7-0 Topic of the Day 7-10 Local Announcements and Weather Report 7-15 S. A. Kulkarni (Violin) 7-30 Phugavan Haco Talk in Gujarati 7-45 Mixed Melodies 8-0 News (M) 8-15 News (E) 9-15 News (E) 9-30 B. O. News Relay 9-40 Anything Goes 9-45 Talk in English 10-0 Gangubai Hangal (Vocal music)

7-30 a.m. Datta Davekar (Bhavgeet) 7-40 News (E) 7-50 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Dilipkumar (Geeto) 8-45 Gangubai Hangal (Vocal music) 12-0 p.m. Programme for women in Hindi (E) 12-15 Urdu (E) 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Suno Suno 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Lunch-Hour Music 4-0 School Broadcast 5-0 A. K. Kulkarni (Violin) 5-15 Datta Davekar (Bhavgeet) 5-30 Sundaramma Raghaviah (Hindi Bhajan) 5-45 News (E) 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (E) 6-15 Datta Davekar (Bhavgeet) 6-30 Ramkrishna Parvatkar (Purbi) 6-50 Dilipkumar (Geeto) 7-0 Topic of the Day 7-10 Local Announcements and Weather Report 7-15 S. A. Kulkarni (Violin) 7-30 Phugavan Haco Talk in Gujarati 7-45 Mixed Melodies 8-0 News (M) 8-15 News (E) 9-15 News (E) 9-30 B. O. News Relay 9-40 Anything Goes 9-45 Talk in English 10-0 Gangubai Hangal (Vocal music)

7-30 a.m. Datta Davekar (Bhavgeet) 7-40 News (E) 7-50 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Dilipkumar (Geeto) 8-45 Gangubai Hangal (Vocal music) 12-0 p.m. Programme for women in Hindi (E) 12-15 Urdu (E) 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Suno Suno 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Lunch-Hour Music 4-0 School Broadcast 5-0 A. K. Kulkarni (Violin) 5-15 Datta Davekar (Bhavgeet) 5-30 Sundaramma Raghaviah (Hindi Bhajan) 5-45 News (E) 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (E) 6-15 Datta Davekar (Bhavgeet) 6-30 Ramkrishna Parvatkar (Purbi) 6-50 Dilipkumar (Geeto) 7-0 Topic of the Day 7-10 Local Announcements and Weather Report 7-15 S. A. Kulkarni (Violin) 7-30 Phugavan Haco Talk in Gujarati 7-45 Mixed Melodies 8-0 News (M) 8-15 News (E) 9-15 News (E) 9-30 B. O. News Relay 9-40 Anything Goes 9-45 Talk in English 10-0 Gangubai Hangal (Vocal music)

7-30 a.m. Datta Davekar (Bhavgeet) 7-40 News (E) 7-50 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Dilipkumar (Geeto) 8-45 Gangubai Hangal (Vocal music) 12-0 p.m. Programme for women in Hindi (E) 12-15 Urdu (E) 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Suno Suno 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Lunch-Hour Music 4-0 School Broadcast 5-0 A. K. Kulkarni (Violin) 5-15 Datta Davekar (Bhavgeet) 5-30 Sundaramma Raghaviah (Hindi Bhajan) 5-45 News (E) 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (E) 6-15 Datta Davekar (Bhavgeet) 6-30 Ramkrishna Parvatkar (Purbi) 6-50 Dilipkumar (Geeto) 7-0 Topic of the Day 7-10 Local Announcements and Weather Report 7-15 S. A. Kulkarni (Violin) 7-30 Phugavan Haco Talk in Gujarati 7-45 Mixed Melodies 8-0 News (M) 8-15 News (E) 9-15 News (E) 9-30 B. O. News Relay 9-40 Anything Goes 9-45 Talk in English 10-0 Gangubai Hangal (Vocal music)

7-30 a.m. Datta Davekar (Bhavgeet) 7-40 News (E) 7-50 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Dilipkumar (Geeto) 8-45 Gangubai Hangal (Vocal music) 12-0 p.m. Programme for women in Hindi (E) 12-15 Urdu (E) 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Suno Suno 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Lunch-Hour Music 4-0 School Broadcast 5-0 A. K. Kulkarni (Violin) 5-15 Datta Davekar (Bhavgeet) 5-30 Sundaramma Raghaviah (Hindi Bhajan) 5-45 News (E) 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (E) 6-15 Datta Davekar (Bhavgeet) 6-30 Ramkrishna Parvatkar (Purbi) 6-50 Dilipkumar (Geeto) 7-0 Topic of the Day 7-10 Local Announcements and Weather Report 7-15 S. A. Kulkarni (Violin) 7-30 Phugavan Haco Talk in Gujarati 7-45 Mixed Melodies 8-0 News (M) 8-15 News (E) 9-15 News (E) 9-30 B. O. News Relay 9-40 Anything Goes 9-45 Talk in English 10-0 Gangubai Hangal (Vocal music)

7-30 a.m. Datta Davekar (Bhavgeet) 7-40 News (E) 7-50 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Dilipkumar (Geeto) 8-45 Gangubai Hangal (Vocal music) 12-0 p.m. Programme for women in Hindi (E) 12-15 Urdu (E) 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Suno Suno 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Lunch-Hour Music 4-0 School Broadcast 5-0 A. K. Kulkarni (Violin) 5-15 Datta Davekar (Bhavgeet) 5-30 Sundaramma Raghaviah (Hindi Bhajan) 5-45 News (E) 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (E) 6-15 Datta Davekar (Bhavgeet) 6-30 Ramkrishna Parvatkar (Purbi) 6-50 Dilipkumar (Geeto) 7-0 Topic of the Day 7-10 Local Announcements and Weather Report 7-15 S. A. Kulkarni (Violin) 7-30 Phugavan Haco Talk in Gujarati 7-45 Mixed Melodies 8-0 News (M) 8-15 News (E) 9-15 News (E) 9-30 B. O. News Relay 9-40 Anything Goes 9-45 Talk in English 10-0 Gangubai Hangal (Vocal music)

7-30 a.m. Datta Davekar (Bhavgeet) 7-40 News (E) 7-50 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Dilipkumar (Geeto) 8-45 Gangubai Hangal (Vocal music) 12-0 p.m. Programme for women in Hindi (E) 12-15 Urdu (E) 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Suno Suno 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Lunch-Hour Music 4-0 School Broadcast 5-0 A. K. Kulkarni (Violin) 5-15 Datta Davekar (Bhavgeet) 5-30 Sundaramma Raghaviah (Hindi Bhajan) 5-45 News (E) 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (E) 6-15 Datta Davekar (Bhavgeet) 6-30 Ramkrishna Parvatkar (Purbi) 6-50 Dilipkumar (Geeto) 7-0 Topic of the Day 7-10 Local Announcements and Weather Report 7-15 S. A. Kulkarni (Violin) 7-30 Phugavan Haco Talk in Gujarati 7-45 Mixed Melodies 8-0 News (M) 8-15 News (E) 9-15 News (E) 9-30 B. O. News Relay 9-40 Anything Goes 9-45 Talk in English 10-0 Gangubai Hangal (Vocal music)

7-30 a.m. Datta Davekar (Bhavgeet) 7-40 News (E) 7-50 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD
MINIMUM RS. 1/8/-

To be paid in advance

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted a qualified Lady Health Visitor for an Organised Home Treatment Clinic. Will have to work in the Clinic as well as Home visiting. Salary Rs. 100-150, plus Rs. 10/- Uniform allowance per mensem. Appointment, in the first instance, for one year, may be extended up to three years. Details of work and other information can be had from the Honorary Secretary, The Bombay Anti-Tuberculosis Association, 141, Mint Road, Fort, Bombay. (2944)

Wanted a Medical man for an Organised Home Treatment Clinic with M.B.B.S., T.D.D. and/or special experience in Tuberculosis work. Will be expected to do home visiting as part of duties. Salary Rs. 150-250 p.m., inclusive of all allowances. Appointment, in the first instance, for one year; may be extended up to three years. Details of work and other information can be had from the Honorary Secretary, The Bombay Anti-Tuberculosis Association, 141, Mint Road, Fort, Bombay. (2944)

Wanted the following staff:- Qualified X-ray technician, Rs. 85-100 p.m. Clerk-cum-Typist Rs. 100-120 p.m. Driver Rs. 90/- p.m. Peon Rs. 40/- p.m. Salary includes all allowances. Apply in writing to the Honorary Secretary, The Bombay Prov. Anti-T.B. Association, Red Cross Building, 141, Mint Road, Fort, Bombay. (2944)

Wanted Salesman by large European firm, minimum qualification Matriculation or an equivalent examination. Age limit 24 to 30. Must furnish Cash Security of Rs. 500/- starting remuneration Rs. 60/- plus Rs. 18/- D.A. (now in force) and Special allowance of Rs. 15/- Good prospects for right type of men. Should be prepared to move into Mofussil. Apply in own handwriting stating previous experience and sending copies of testimonials, if any, to Box No. 2942 "Bombay Chronicle".

WANTED:- Automobile Field Service Representative for dealer contact and organising Service and Parts Facilities for important centres in India. Position requires good education and thorough knowledge of Service Promotion and Modern Service Methods. Applicant must be capable of holding Service Schools and have thorough Practical Service Experience. Only qualified persons need apply, stating salary. Premier Automobiles Ltd., Agra Road, Kuria. (2443)

Wanted Junior Typist-Clerk. Knowing Gujarati. Short-hand preferred and a peon Apply Box No 95 "Bombay Chronicle"

SOCIAL

Make Friends:- (Both sex) For Hobbies, Educational, Business, Professional and Social Relations. Particulars Against 2 As. Stamps. The Universal League of Introduction 5, Hamam Street, Fort, Bombay. (159)

HOTELS IN HILL STATION

Devali Grand Hotel Good Rooms Food and Management. Charges Moderate Phone No 12 Apply Manager. (97)

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Learn Journalism, Story Writing, Masterly English Accountancy, Short-hand, D. Com. Commercial Courses by post Associated Schools, Delhi (133A)

Homeopathy-Best Correspondence Course. For prospectus apply Grace Medical Mission Mavelikara Travancore.

Become Accountant, Secretary, Stenographer, Auditor Insurance Officer by post D. Com. courses. American correspondence College. (B.C.) Delhi (133)

BOOKS & MAGAZINES

For Numerous Matrimonial Proposals, Photos, Sensational Experiences of ladies (read "Amr Sandesh" 5155 "Saddar Bazar Delhi, a Premier Ladies Magazine, wanted lady representatives on Rs. 50/- monthly spare hours (63)

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted:- Agents and Stockists for our Horn and Pearl Buttons. J. Smith and Co. P. O. Box No. 2209 Calcutta. (28)

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Shop at Deera for Italian and American tapestry fabrics, plain and printed, genuine American China, Czech cut and painted glassware etc., etc. 97A, Queen's Road Bombay 1. (6778)

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE
Beautiful Name Plates embossed on shining Aluminium with Wooden Board for Rs. 2/8. Postage extra. Agents wanted. Write to Box No. 2967 "Bombay Chronicle".

Just arrived! Swiss Jacquard Art Silk fabrics Seven alluring colours 60" width Lovely for curtains Call at Raval Ties and Marble Ltd., 97A, Queen's Road, Bombay 1. (2718A)

PUBLIC NOTICES

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE CEYLON

The Government of Ceylon invites applications for the post of Sugar Cane Expert, Department of Agriculture, Ceylon. The salary attached to the post is Rs. 1,200 per annum (fixed). The post is non-pensionable and will be on agreement for period of three years in the first instance. The selected officer will be required to contribute 5 per cent of his salary to the Public Service Provident Fund and may contribute a further 5 per cent at his option. The Government contribution, in either case, will be 7-1/2 per cent.

2. The appointment will be subject to the Public Service Regulations and the Financial Regulations of the Government of Ceylon in force from time to time. Rent Allowance, Travelling Allowance, Cost of Living Allowance, Leave and passages will be granted in accordance with Government Regulations.

3. The candidate selected should possess wide experience of sugar cane cultivation, a general agricultural training and ability to carry out field experiments and manage an experimental farm. It will also be the duty of the selected officer to encourage peasant cultivators to cultivate sugar cane and advise them on the manufacture of sugar cane jaggery and crude sugar as a cottage industry. He should be able to advise cultivators in regard to the rotation of sugar cane with paddy.

4. Applications stating the age, academic qualifications and practical experience of the applicants should reach the Permanent Secretary to the Government of Ceylon, Ministry of External Affairs, Colombo on or before 15th February, 1949. Copies of testimonials, if available, should be attached.

5. The successful candidate will be required to pass a medical fitness before appointment. 6. Income-Tax from whatever source will be payable at the rates prevailing in Ceylon.

7. Candidates desiring further details of the nature of duties and conditions of service should apply to the Director of Agriculture, Peradeniya, Ceylon. (2963)

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Certified Transfer Deed for 3 Shares Nos. 23814/15, 23815/16 and 23825/6 of the Ahmedabad Electricity Company Ltd. standing in the names of Mr. Chimanlal D. Shahyabhai Kapadia and The Bank of India Ltd. respectively, have been lost or mislaid.

The public are hereby warned against purchasing or dealing with the above documents in any way but are requested to give information about the same to the undersigned.

Name, SARLA SHETH
Address, C/o. Messrs. Matubhai, Jamietram & Madan, Solicitors, Lentin Chambers, Dalal St., Fort, BOMBAY. (2965)

FILMS DIVISION

Ministry of Information and Broadcasting Government of India:

REVISED TENDER NOTICE

IN SUPERSSESSION OF the notice issued on January 4 and 5, 1949, sealed tenders are invited and will be received by the Assistant Controller (Administration), Films Division, at 91, Walkeshwar Road, Bombay 6, upto 3 P.M. on Monday, the 7th February 1949, for the following accommodation required immediately for the Films Division of the Government of India in Bombay within a radius of ten miles from General Post Office:-

"Seventeen thousand seven hundred square feet of office accommodation, one sound stage for film production approximately 50 feet by 100 feet by 25 feet high, one dubbing theatre approximately 24 feet by 50 feet by 18 feet high, one projection theatre approximately 25 feet by 50 feet, and twelve film vaults approximately 14 feet by 9 feet each. Sound stage, dubbing theatre and projection theatre are required WITHOUT any equipment."

Tenders giving details of accommodation, terms of lease, etc., and rent required, for each item of accommodation separately should be sealed and superscribed "Tender for Accommodation" and, if delivered by hand, should be presented to the Assistant Controller (Administration) at the aforementioned office. The tenders will be opened at 91, Walkeshwar Road, Bombay at 3 P.M. on 9th February, 1949, in the presence of the Deputy Secretary to the Government of India, Ministry of Information and Broadcasting, the Deputy Secretary to the Government of India, Ministry of Finance and the Assistant Controller (Administration), Films Division. Tenderers or their representatives will be permitted to be present at the time of the opening of the tenders in the room of the Assistant Controller (Administration) at the aforementioned office. Government shall not be bound to accept the lowest or any tenders.

P. C. SAKSENA,
Assistant Controller
(Administration).

Bombay, January 11 1949.

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED

before 28-2-49, preferably from the natives of Province of Bombay and from non-Muslim refugees from Pakistan for the post of DEPUTY EDUCATIONAL INSPECTOR OF SINDHI SCHOOLS. AGE: Ordinarily not more than 40 years on 1-5-49. PAY:- Rs. 200/- until confirmation and Rs. 220/- per mensem thereafter PLUS cost of living allowance and compensatory allowance admissible under the rules. QUALIFICATIONS:-

(i) At least a second class or Master's degree in Arts or Science, (ii) B. T. or equivalent degree or diploma, (iii) 10 years' experience in teaching after B. T. or equivalent qualification, and (iv) knowledge of Sindhi. Knowledge of a craft an additional qualification. Application forms supplied on receipt of a large addressed envelope with 3-1/2 annas postage stamps and a CROSSED Indian Postal Order for Re. 1/- payable to the "Secretary, Bombay Public Service Commission, Bombay", who will also supply full details on request. (2960)

NOTICE

OFFERS ARE INVITED for the sale of 5 tons of Caustic Soda Flakes of U.S.A. Origin and 10 tons of Soda Ash of U.S.A. Origin to be disposed of on account and risk of Messrs. Radhakrishna and Co., Kothapet, Guntur. Interested parties contact Messrs. Alfred E. McKenzie & Co. Ltd., 51 Yusuf Building, Churchgate Street, Bombay. (170)

NOTICE

OFFERS ARE INVITED for the sale of 10 tons of Soda Ash Heavy 58 per cent of U.S.A. Origin to be disposed of on account and risk of Messrs. A. Venkateswara Rao Naidu, Suryasopet, Cocanada. Interested Parties contact Messrs. Alfred E. McKenzie & Co. Ltd., 51 Yusuf Bldg., Churchgate Street, Bombay. (169)

B.R. & C.I. RAILWAY

RESERVATION CLASS II ACCOMMODATION

WITH EFFECT FROM MONDAY, 17th January, 1949, reservation of accommodation for passengers travelling in Class II from Bombay, will be arranged at the En-Reservation Office.

Class II accommodation may be reserved 10 days in advance. A reservation fee of annas four (Re. 0-4-0) per seat will be charged. (2954)

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

NOTICE

THE SPECIAL ENGINEER (Works Branch) invites tenders for the supplies mentioned below for the year 1949-50:

(1) Supply of about 200 tons of Filler Powder for Asphalt mixture to be delivered at the Municipal Asphalt Plant Worli Road No. 11.
(2) Supply of labour for running the Munging Asphalt mixing plant at Worli Road No. 11 and for laying asphalt mix on roads including excavation and removal of old asphalt surfaces.

Tenders will be received at the Office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Fort, Bombay on Wednesday 26th day of January 1949. Rates should be quoted exclusive of sales tax which will be paid where admissible. Forms of tenders, specifications etc., will be issued on payment of Rupee One for each copy to any one deputed to receive them by the Special Engineer (Works-Branch) who will on application give any further information that may be required.

Forms of tenders will not be supplied by Post.

By Order of the MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER

Municipal Offices, Fort, Bombay
Dated 14th January, 1949. (2969)

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

MINISTRY OF FOOD (DIV. II)
Office of the Chief Director of Purchase, Mansingh Road, New Delhi.

TENDER NO. A/783.

THE CHIEF DIRECTOR OF Purchase, Ministry of Food (Div. II), New Delhi, invites tenders for the supply of the following approximate quantities of Oilcake during March, 1949.

1. Groundnut Oilcake ... 1458 Tons
(Decorticated)
2. Cotton Seed Oilcake ... 216
(Undecorticated)
3. Linseed Oilcake ... 216
4. Toria Oilcake ... 18

Applications for tender forms will be received upto the 3rd February, 1949. The price of each tender form containing full particulars is Rs. 10/- per set which is not refundable under any circumstances. Payment must be made in cash by money order only (cheques will not be accepted) to the Chief Director of Purchase, Ministry of Food (Div. II), New Delhi quoting tender No. A/783 and giving the remitters' full address on the coupon. Tender forms are not transferable.

Tenders will be received upto 4 p.m. on Thursday, the 17th February, 1949.
NEW DELHI.
Dated 11th January 1949. (2960)

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

LECTURER IN MARATHI

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED BEFORE 28-2-1949 from persons domiciled in the Province of Bombay and non-Muslim refugees from Pakistan for the post of Lecturer in Marathi in Bombay Educational Service Class II. QUALIFICATIONS:- At least a second class M.A. degree of Bombay University or equivalent degree of statutory Indian or Foreign University with Marathi as the main subject.

Candidate with previous experience of University teaching or experience of research in Marathi language and literature preferred. AGE:- Not less than 23 and not more than 30 years on 1-5-49. Upper limit relaxable in suitable cases. No age limit for Bombay Government servants. PAY:- Rs. 200-650 PLUS dearness allowance as admissible. Application form supplied on receipt of a large addressed envelope with 3-1/2 annas postage stamps and a CROSSED Indian Postal Order for Re. 1/- payable to the "Secretary, Bombay Public Service Commission, Bombay", who will also supply full details on request. (2962)

BOMBAY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

Posts of Lecturers at the R. A. Podar Medical College (Ayurvedic) and M. A. Podar Hospital, BOMBAY.

SEPARATE APPLICATIONS are invited BEFORE 28-2-1949, preferably from persons domiciled in the Province of Bombay and non-Muslim refugees from Pakistan for the following posts at the R. A. Podar Medical College (Ayurvedic) and M. A. Podar Hospital, Bombay:-

(1) LECTURER IN SURGERY.
(2) LECTURER IN GYNAECOLOGY AND MIDWIFERY.
(3) LECTURER IN MEDICINE AND PATHOLOGY (MODERN) AND BACTERIOLOGIST TO THE M. A. PODAR HOSPITAL.

(4) LECTURER IN ANATOMY. QUALIFICATIONS:- (a) M.B. B.S. of the Bombay or any other Statutory University or the M.C.P.S. Diploma granted after 30-4-1948 by College of Physicians and Surgeons, Bombay. (b) Good knowledge of Hindi. Preference to candidates with post-graduate qualifications and with previous teaching experience and original publications in their subject to their credit, and to those with Ayurvedic qualifications. AGE: Not more than 32 years on 1-5-1949. Relaxable in suitable cases. No limit for Bombay Government servants. PAY:- Rs. 200-350 PLUS cost of living allowance as admissible. Private practice allowed outside duty hours. Application form supplied on receipt of a large addressed envelope with 3-1/2 annas postage stamps and a CROSSED Indian Postal Order for Re. 1/- payable to the "Secretary, Bombay Public Service Commission, Bombay", who will also supply full details on request. (2961)

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

TESTAMENTARY & INTESATE JURISDICTION

Petition No. 699 of 1948.

CITATION

GEORGE VI. by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith.

Petition for Probate of the last Will and Testament of Devchand Callianji otherwise known as Devchand Kallianji, Devchand Kalyanji, Devchand Callianji, Devchand Kallianji, Devchand Kallanjee, Sri Devchand, Callianji, Shah D. Callianji a widow, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, residing at the time of his death and carrying on partnership business in the name and style of Devchand Callianji at 186, Bazargate Street, within the Fort of Bombay. Deceased.

1) Panachand Nomchand and 2) Ratilalji, both of Bombay Hindu Inhabitants, merchants two of the executors of the Will of the deceased the former residing at Savri Building, New Hanuman Lane, and the latter at Vishwanath Building, Lohar of Bombay, without the Fort of Bombay. Petitioners.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovesaid deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings if they think fit before the grant of Probate.

Witness Mahomedali Currim Chagla, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid the 11th day of January 1949 in the year of Lord One thousand nine hundred and Forty Nine and in the Thirtieth year of our Reign.

Sd/- S. J. RAHIMTOOLA,
Prothonotary & Senior Master
Sd/- A. R. NARAYAN IYER,
Sealer

The 11th day of January, 1949.
Messrs. MAZAGOANWALLA & CO.

Petitioners' Attorneys. (2953)

PUBLIC NOTICES

G.I.P. RAILWAY-TENDERS

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES,

Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel Bombay 13, invites tenders for the Purchase of old and unserviceable stores, available for disposal at the Stores Sub Depot, Jhansi. Forms obtainable either from the Controller of Stores Office or from the Depot Superintendent, Stores Sub-Depot, Jhansi, at Rs. 3/- per copy not refundable. Money order or cash only. Closing date 7-2-1949 at 3 p.m. (S.T.). (2959)

G.I.P. RAILWAY-TENDERS

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES

invites tenders for printing and supplying G.I.P. Railway Suburban Service Pocket Time Tables. Form of tender obtainable from the Stores Head Office, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, at Rs. 2/- per copy, not refundable. Money Order or Cash only. Closing date Friday the 28th January 1949 at 3 P. M. (S.T.). (2927)

AUCTION SALES

DISPOSALS AUCTIONS

On 24-1-49 at 10-30 a.m. at 217 Petrol Depot, behind Swastik Oil Mills, Sewri, of big lots 44, 34, 1/2, 5 and 3 gallon drums, on 25-1-49 at 10-30 a.m. at E.S.D. Kuria, of surplus stores, boats parts, pumps, etc., on 26-1-49 at 10-30 a.m. at E.S.D., Kadivli, of surplus stores, cable, shackles, etc., 25 per cent cash deposit and sales Tax: For particulars apply CRAWFORD & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF MISC. ARTICLES, ETC.

UNDER instructions from Deputy controller of accommodation, M/s. BENNETT & CO. will sell by Public Auction on THURSDAY 20-1-49 at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) at Block F, 2nd Floor, Ashyana Building, 122B, Lady Jamshedji Road, Mahim mirrors, wearing apparel, utensils, suit case, cash box, mattresses, pillows, wrist watch, rack, etc., on MONDAY 24-1-49 at 11-30 a.m. (S.T.) at Room No. 6, Farook Mansion, Batliwalla Road, Parel; bicycle, planks, trunk, clothes, iron materials etc., at 12-30 p.m. flat No. 1, Ground Floor, Krishna Bhuvan, Hindu Colony, 3rd Lane, Dadar cupboards, buckets, tyres, baskets tables, tins, pipes, etc. Terms cash and immediate delivery.

BENNETT & CO.

GOLD WING PENS
For smooth legible writing
Manufactured by the makers of the famous WAVERLEY AND HINDOO PENS
MACNIVEN & CAMERON LTD
Waverley Pen Works
BIRMINGHAM-ENGLAND

Amrutanjani BRAND RINGWORM OINTMENT

Amrutanjani BRAND RINGWORM OINTMENT

Amrutanjani BRAND RINGWORM OINTMENT

Make India Self-Sufficient In Food And Cloth

JAIRAMDAS' APPEAL TO PEOPLE

SAUGAR CITY, Jan. 16. (A.P.I.): Mr. Jairamdas Doulatram, Food Minister of India, urged the people here last night to "follow Mahatma's teachings, learn to live and die for the country, sink differences and think in terms of the Nation, instead of self".

The Food Minister, who was replying to a civic address presented to him on behalf of Saugar Municipality and Jampada mahat, appealed to people to remember those martyrs and political sufferers, who had sacrificed much for India's freedom and defend that hard-won freedom zealously. He exhorted the audience to develop character, and spirit of selfless service.

SEQUEL TO PARTITION
The partition, Mr. Jairamdas said had deprived India of a considerable portion of its rich food-growing areas, brings instead a great influx of population. This had resulted, the Food Minister added, in forcing them to go from country to country for securing their food requirements.

He appealed to the countrymen to reclaim fallow lands and exploit fully the country's soil to make India self-sufficient in food and cloth. Mr. Jairamdas said that the Government must realise its responsibility and discharge its duty honestly. We are in the Government as people's representatives to serve them to the best of our ability and to rule over them. Consider yourselves Indians first, and Indians to the last. Make your children healthy, intelligent and patriotic.

E. S. SHUKLA'S APPEAL
Pandit Ravi Shankar Shukla, Premier C.P. speaking on the occasion appealed to Hindus to become more generous and tolerant towards members of minority communities. He advised the minorities to consider India as their motherland and adopt as their own, India's language, culture and civilisation.

Mr. Shukla, expressed satisfaction over the cessation of hostilities in Kashmir. He paid tribute to Sardar Patel for his achievements in effecting integration of Indian States, and settling the Hyderabad affair soon and well.

Mr. Jairamdas and Pandit Shukla left today for Bhopal "en route" to Delhi.

B.P.T. NOTICES TO HUTMENT DWELLERS

"The Manager Land and Bunders Bombay Port Trust, has served notices on dwellers of the hutments in front of the Prince's Dock Red Gate, to remove the huts immediately or face prosecution on the charge of illegal trespass on the property of the Port Trust. The have also threatened the owners of these hutments with demolition of the huts even without intimation. In case this threat is carried out, hundreds of workers will be literally rendered homeless."

The dwellers of these huts are Dock Workers mostly of the Stevedore Section. They are living there for more than a year now. Previously also the Port Trust had served such notices but due to the active intervention of the Union, they had to withdraw.

"To the best of our knowledge the Port Trust does not require this place for any particular purpose. We therefore fail to understand the purpose of these notices, save for the fact that they are an ingenious device to harass the workers, and to cow down their militant spirit."

"Not satisfied with the arrest of the leaders of the Union, the Port Trust is inciting and goading the workers to action. The Union has appealed to the Bombay Port Trust, the Regional Labour Commissioner (Central) and the Minister Labour and Housing, Bombay to intervene in the matter. The Union is anxious to see that the industrial peace of the City is not disturbed. But this will not be possible without an equally sane attitude on the part of the Port Trust. In case it is not forthcoming the Union shall not be responsible for the consequences."

RAJGHAT EXHIBITION

Exhibits for the exhibition to be opened on 30th January 1949 at Rajghat will be received at the office of the B.P.C.C. upto the 20th of this month. Exhibits received so far have already been taken to New Delhi. Shri Devdas Gandhi, one of the organisers of the exhibition is now in Bombay and can be contacted at the office of the "Hindustan Times", Industrial Asse. Bldg., Churchgate Street, Bombay (Telephone No. 22956)

Gandhi Memorial Fund

From Our Correspondent.

KALYAN, Jan. 15. The Secretary, Kalyan City Congress Committee, writes: From the 16th to 22nd inst. Gandhi National Memorial Fund Week will be celebrated under the auspices of the Kalyan City Congress Committee and the first day of the week will be inaugurated by Mr. D. A. Deshpande, Secretary, Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee, and will deliver a speech on Sunday night (16th) at 9 o'clock in Subhash Mahal, appealing to the public to contribute liberally towards the above fund.

During the week Congress Seva Dal Volunteers will be going round the city for collections and therefore request the public of Kalyan to share their share towards fund. Besides Mr. K. G. Kerson, Chairman of the Fund and Mr. P. D. Patel, Vice-President of the City Congress Committee are collecting the fund and merchant class are expected to help.

The public are requested to co-operate with the Congress authorities in collecting a big amount from Kalyan which is so far very poor as far as the collections are concerned in the District of Thane.

TRAVANCORE - TOO FALLS IN LINE

Move For Formation Of Kerala Province

MADRAS, Jan. 16. (A.P.I.): The Aikya Kerala Conference met here today with Mr. Ikkanda Warriar, Premier of Cochin in the chair, when several speakers stressed the need for carving out Kerala Province with Cochin and Travancore integrated in it.

Mr. T. K. Narayana Pillai, who inaugurated the Conference, said that Kerala, with Cochin and Travancore, would be economically self-sufficient. In his presidential address, Mr. Ikkanda Warriar said that all people in Malabar, Cochin and Travancore supported the "Aikya Kerala" move, since conditions there demanded the integration of the three provinces. He added that all people there were one in customs and culture. "Kerala will form an ideal province, setting an example to others," he said.

Mr. K. Madhava Menon, Madras Minister for Agriculture, speaking on the occasion said that the Madras Legislature had already decided in favour of formation of Kerala Province uniting Malabar, Cochin and Travancore.

Mr. K. R. Kesava Menon expressed joy at the enthusiasm of the Cochin and Travancore Premiers towards the unification scheme and said that the people in Malabar were ready for it even now.

Travancore And Cochin Premiers On Their Stand

MADRAS, Jan. 16. (A.P.I.): The Premiers of Travancore and Cochin, Mr. T. K. Narayana Pillai and Mr. E. Ikkanda Warriar, at a joint press conference today declared that they stood for the immediate formation of a United Kerala with Travancore, Cochin, and Malabar as its component parts.

Mr. K. Madhava Menon, Minister for Agriculture, Madras, Mr. K. R. Kesava Menon and other representatives from Malabar were present at the Conference.

Both the Premiers of Travancore and Cochin asserted that an overwhelming majority of people in their respective states favoured the early unification of Kerala. They said that provision should be made in the constitution act for a separate Kerala province along with other linguistic provinces.

It was announced that a convention of representatives of Malabar, Travancore, and Cochin would meet shortly at Alwaye to constitute a Council of Action to go into this question.

Consult
Powells
FOR
THE CORRECTION
OF DEFORMITY, ORTHOPEDIC
APPLIANCES, TRUSSES FOR
HERNIA, ABDOMINAL BELTS
& ARTIFICIAL LIMBS.

POWELLS LIMITED

Regd. No. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pheroze Shah Mehta

VOL. XXXV:
NO. 13

BOMBAY: MONDAY, JANUARY 17, 1949

Price:
2 ANNAS



BALIWALLA & HOMI LTD.
Opticians
365, HORNEY RD., ETC.,
BOMBAY
EYES TESTED
SCIENTIFICALLY

CHIANG'S LAST PUBLIC APPEARANCE

Call To Forces To "Wipe Out All Past Humiliations"

STAGE SET TO SHIFT DOCUMENTS FROM CAPITAL

NANKING, Jan. 16 (Reuter). Generalissimo Chiang Kai Shek, speaking today at a military ceremony, rumoured to be his last public appearance called on China's armed forces to 'stand as one man' and to 'wipe out all past humiliations'.

Generalissimo Chiang, who was speaking at the Mausoleum of Sun Yat Sen, founder of the Chinese Republic, called upon his troops for a "supreme effort to consummate the Chinese revolution". Only those would they be truly honest followers of Sun Yat Sen, he said.

Elaborate security precautions surrounded the ceremony and an official report of his remarks was not released until six hours after he had spoken. The ceremony, notice of which had been only given a few hours before, was officially described as a military review. Troop rehearsals yesterday were in secret.

ONLY SIX FOREIGNERS
Only six foreigners got through the barricades to witness the hour-long ceremony from the foot of the Mausoleum stairs. One who produced a camera was told he must not take photographs. Official Chinese photographers took dozens of snapshots.

Tonight General Chiang was to entertain political leaders at an official dinner. Observers asked whether it was another farewell function.

Dr. T. V. Soong, Kwantung Governor, arrived here today to confer with the President.

"Peace", the daily Chinese Army paper, said today that General Chiang Kai-Shek would soon visit his home town of Fengchia near Ningpo in north-east Chekiang Province to pay his respects at the tomb of his ancestors, after which he would visit Fukien Province.

The Chinese National Executive Yuan, at a special meeting today, decided to abolish immediately the free conversion to gold of China's fast-depreciating gold Yuan currency and to offer the public short-term gold bonds.

DEFERRED DECISION ON REDS'
The meeting was understood to have deferred its discussion of Communist Mao Tse-Tung's eight-point peace terms.

Interior Minister General Chang Chi-Chung told Reuter after the meeting that the Cabinet would await all reaction and criticism before it made a decision on the terms.

PENGPU KEY LOST
Meanwhile, Pengpu, key point in the Hwai river defence screen, 110 miles north of the capital Nanking fell into the Communist hands shortly after midnight today, usually reliable Government military sources said here to-night.

The Communists were reported to be advancing down the Pengpu-Pukow railway in the direction of Mingkwang, north-west of Nanking.

Government troops evacuated Pengpu just before midnight last night. No fighting was reported, but they were said to have feared encirclement.

Elements of the Government's Sixth Army started moving out of the town shortly after Communist forces entered Hwaiyang, 80 miles south-west.

In Nanking some reports said Government forces reconnaissance had disclosed that the Communists were entering Pengpu this afternoon.

Army reports said the small Government garrison was still in the town and that the Hwai river bridge was destroyed.

NIGHT-LONG CURFEW
Shanghai military authorities today clamped down a 12-hour curfew on the Wangpoo river, running through the city, banning all traffic movement across the river between 6 at night and six in the morning.

No reason was given for the curfew.

INDIAN AIR SERVICES TO FAR EAST
(From Our Correspondent)
NEW DELHI Jan. 16: The Government of India's Air Licensing Board has granted licence to Birla's Bharat Airways for operating their air services to Shanghai. The service, in due course, is expected to be extended to Japan.

The licence has also been granted to Overseas Airways for operating their air services to Australia.

M. S. M. Men Plump For Strike

MADRAS, Jan. 16 (API): Certain divisional centres of the M and S M Railway Labour Union held their strike ballot today. A total of over 10,000 workers took part in the ballot, 9,450 of whom voted in favour of strike.

The overall strength of the Labour Union is estimated at over 35,000.

C-IN-C.S OF INDIA & PAKISTAN CONFER



Photograph taken at the Inter-Dominion Military Conference between the Commander-in-Chiefs India and Pakistan, at New Delhi on Saturday, shows from left to right: Gen. Sir Douglas Gracey (C-in-C. Pakistan Army); M.A. to C-in-C. Pakistan Army, Brig. Sher Khan; Lt-Gen. Shrinagsh, M.A. to C-in-C. Indian Army; Gen. K. M. Cariappa (C-in-C. Indian Army) and Major-Gen. Kalwant Singh, Chief of General Staff, Indian Army—FIB.

AN ASSEMBLY AFTER 20 CENTURIES

Israel Prepares To Elect Constituent Body

TEL AVIV, Jan. 16 (UPA).—Billboards blazed from every available inch of wall and building space and speakers harangued in ten different languages as Israel prepared to elect its first constituent assembly in 2,000 years.

Over 100 public halls in Tel Aviv were rented five times each this weekend as the campaign boiled towards polling day—January 25.

On that day 140,000 eligible Jews and 32,000 Arabs will cast votes that will decide 120 seats in the assembly—exactly the same number which sat in the Jewish state assembly after its first disposal 20 centuries ago.

The voting is on a group rather than on an individual basis and voters must select an entire slate.

Among those who addressed mass meetings were Premier and War Minister David Ben Gurion, Foreign Minister Moshe Shertok, Finance Minister Eliezer Kaplan and former chief of the Jewish Agency, Dr. Chaim Weizmann.

ISRAEL TO TRY AGAIN FOR U.N. MEMBERSHIP

LAKE SUCCESS, Jan. 16 (Reuter).—According to observers here, Israel may be planning to make another bid soon for admission to the United Nations as a result of Cuba's recent 'de facto' recognition of the Jewish State.

Cuba, a new member of the Security Council, had previously opposed Israel's admission. Now that she has decided to join other nations in 'de facto' recognition, the Israeli delegation hopes that a new membership bid might succeed, observers said.

CONCILIATION COMMISSION'S FIRST MEETING

GENEVA, Jan. 16 (UPA).—The Palestine Conciliation Commission set up by the United Nations to reach a settlement in Palestine will hold its first meeting here tomorrow.

Meetings will last a week and United Nations Officials said that they would be largely filled with administrative questions of the new Commission. Members are then expected to go to the Island of Rhodes. The United States, France and Turkey are the countries represented in the Commission.

JEW MAY AGREE TO RELEASE EGYPTIAN BRIGADE

RHODES, Jan. 16 (Reuter).—Jewish and Egyptian armistice talks entered their fourth day today with the heads of both delegations grappling with the complex armistice detail in private talks with Dr. Ralph Bunche, Acting United Nations Mediator in Palestine.

Usually well-informed sources on both sides reported the discussions to be "going well".

Cairo Arrest

CAIRO, Jan. 16 (Reuter). Field Marshal, Aziz-el-Masry, Pre-war Chief of the Egyptian Army General Staff, was arrested at his home here last night together with two companions.

A police search of his house is said to have revealed documents of an incriminatory nature.

Secondly, recognize the Republic unconditionally.

Thirdly, set a date for the withdrawal of all Dutch troops from the Indies.

Fourthly, recognize the right of the Indonesians to form a free government by a constituent assembly without Dutch interference.

Karen-Burmese Clashes

170 CASUALTIES NEAR RANGOON

RANGOON, Jan. 16 (Reuter).—About 150 Karens (Burma's biggest minority group) have been killed by military police in a clash at Thanat-chang, 40 miles north of Rangoon, the independent newspaper "The Nation" reported today.

The report said there were 20 police casualties.

The Anti-Fascist Peoples Freedom League will hold a mass meeting shortly to consider "the Karen situation against the Union of Burma Government," it was announced here.

Kashmir Deputation To Meet Nehru

NEW DELHI, Jan. 16 (UPI).—A deputation of Kashmir Congress workers under the leadership of Lala Amar Nath Talwar, President, Jammu Provincial Congress Committee has reached here.

The members of the deputation, it is learnt, will see Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel and Dr. Patitahli Sitaranayya, President, Indian National Congress in connection with the Kashmir affairs.

Plane Bound For Srinagar Missing

NEW DELHI, Jan. 16 (API).—A Dakota on routine flight on its way to Srinagar, force-landed somewhere north of Jammu this morning. It had fourteen persons on board, including members of the crew.

When the plane left Delhi this morning, there were two passengers aboard, besides four members of the crew. At Jammu, eight other passengers embarked for Srinagar. A search party is leaving early tomorrow morning.

BOMBAY STREET VENDORS



11.—The Dried-Fruit Seller

This travelling dry-fruit store is a common sight in any Bombay street and well-patronised. His movement, rather impeded by the stock he rolls along on four wheels, the dealer in nuts makes a leisurely pilgrimage, letting customers come to him rather than seeking them out. Naturally he revels in crowds, crowds too which are in no hurry to go to work—and so it is in the evenings that he plies his business. At his wares are both on sale and for exhibition and accordingly he does not believe in covering them up. Here you can see what all he has—nuts, dried figs, dates and that almost-prune, the also bokhar. What you can see, the files can sit upon—and on Bombay streets, heaven only knows where those files have sat before. One must not be too particular and, after all, there is an immunity which comes from a sublime disregard of germs and bacteria and even worse. But it is better to be careful than to be sorry.

"GREAT PATRIOT OF STERLING QUALITIES"

Glowing Tributes To Brelvi By Several Speakers At Congress House Meeting

BOMBAY, Sunday, A resolution deeply mourning the sad and premature death of Syed Abdulla Brelvi, Editor of "The Bombay Chronicle", "a seasoned Congressman, a public worker of long standing and a great patriot of sterling qualities" was passed at a largely attended public meeting convened by the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee at Congress House this evening.

The resolution said: During the last 30 years of his public life Mr. Brelvi served his country with a single-minded devotion and never counted the cost too great where the cause of the country was concerned. Singularly free from any tinge of communalism, he spent his whole life in the service of Hindu-Muslim unity. He was a member of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, the All-India Congress Committee and the Working Committee of the Indian National Congress. He was in the front rank of Satyagrahis in the political movements started under Mahatma's leadership. He courted jail more than once and suffered untold hardships.

The resolution next referred to Mr. Brelvi's service to the cause of journalism in this country and said: "Mr. Brelvi was a great and able journalist and was one of the main pillars of the strength and dignity of that profession in this country. As President of the All India Newspaper Editors' Conference, he has raised the status of that profession and had done everything in his power to ameliorate the lot of the working journalists. He was gifted with an amiable and a constructive mind which endeared him to everyone who came in contact with him."

The resolution finally stated: "In Mr. Brelvi's death Indian Journalism has lost its best champion and the country a noble son. The meeting conveys its heart-felt condolences to the bereaved family."

The resolution was passed by all standing and two minutes silence was observed in memory of the departed soul.

Patil's Tributes
Mr. S. K. Patil, President of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, who presided over the meeting, moving the resolution paid glowing tributes to Mr. Brelvi for his selfless devotion to the service of the motherland throughout his life.

"The passing away of Mr. Brelvi at this time," said Mr. Patil, "is an irreparable loss not only to the Indian Journalism but to the whole country, when he would have been an asset to free India. We cherished the hope all these days that he will live long to serve the cause of Hindu-Muslim unity which was his life's mission and serve the nation. In his death, we have lost a noble son of India, who was first and last a patriot."

(Continued on Page 6.)

"TRUE & PERFECT GENTLE KNIGHT"

Mashruwala's Tribute To Late Mr. Brelvi

Mr. K. G. Mashruwala, Editor, "Harjan" referring to the sudden death of Mr. S. A. Brelvi, in the "Harjan" of Jan. 16, says:

"I was not at all prepared to read the announcement of Syed Abdulla Brelvi's death in today's morning papers. Just a few days ago I had a couple of letters from him. It gave no indication of anything wrong with his health. But death from heart attack rarely gives previous notice."

"He had made his mark in the field of journalism. He was an ex-President of the A.I.N.E.C. But journalism was, though brilliant, but a minor factor of his personality. Even if he had been anything else than a journalist he would have been regarded as a dear and respected friend by everyone who ever got the chance of knowing him. Like his personal and lifelong friends Shri. V. K. Mehta and Shri. Gaganvishnu Mehta and the late Mahadev Desai, he too was a gentle and kind man. Indeed with the former two he was more a member of the family than just a close friend. In fact, they all lived together for a long time. The late Shri Lalubhai Sharnaldas regarded him as an additional son. Differences of religious labels did not tear them apart. I came into personal contact with him in 1930 when we were both fellow prisoners in Nasik Road Central Prison. It was there that I discovered the magnanimity of his heart, his liberal outlook, and his thoroughgoing non-communalism. More than these what touched me most was that he was, in the words of Tolstoy, 'a true and perfect gentle knight.'"

DURBAN RIOTS

DURBAN, Jan. 16 (Reuter).—Three more Indian houses were set alight to-night in Durban's Cato Manor area, black spot of the past three days African-Indian rioting.

(SEE PAGE 8.)

GIRLS

If you had a father like him.....

what would you do?

See
How SURAIYA brought
an errant father down On
his Knees...in

SURAIYA
VICTORY
PEARL
RELEASE

EXCELSIOR BROADWAY
Daily:
3-30, 6-30 and 9-30
Ad. .kg. 9-30 to 1 and 2 to 7-30
Daily 4, 6-45 and 8-30
Ad. Bkg. 4 to 6 p.m.